Message from the teachers:



Well done on a great first week back. This week, we will continue reading more of the Lion, the Witch and the Wardrobe in English. We will learn more about multiplication methods in maths. In RE, we will begin a new unit all about listening to God's Word. We are also excited to learn more about the properties of different rocks in science.

Another exciting week ahead 😉

This Weekly Learning Plan shares the learning that will be taking place this week.

	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
FOR IN transform all things	LO: Why is listening important?	LO: What message might the story of Samuel have for Christians today?	LO: What message might the story of Samuel have for Christians today?	Class liturgy	Christian Unity Week
RE		Share images from the Calling of		Children to reflect on this half term's virtues and values – compassionate and loving	Reflect together on what Christian Unity week is and why it is important.

Share big question: Why is listening important? Discuss with the children reasons why it is important to listen. Share examples of sounds that the teacher likes to listen to, e.g. waves crashing, relaxing music. Discuss reasons why these sounds are good. Children to share the sounds/ people that they like to listen to. Task 1: Create lists of people and things they like listening to and reasons why. E.g. I love listening to the sounds of the wave crashing agaisnt the shore because it relaxes

Samuel story. Can children recall anything from this story?
Share big question.

Explain that the Bible is filled with stories about people who listened and responded to the call of God.

Children to read the call of Samuel. Look at illustrations for the story and discuss.

https://www.youtub e.com/watch?v=P13 ulsFW7OA

Key questions:

What sort of boy do you think Samuel was? How do you think Samuel felt when he kept hearing his Recap the calling of Samuel story from previous lesson.
Share big question again.
Do you think that God might continue to speak today, calling people to do something special

with their lives for

him? Discuss ideas

and examples.

Task 1: Children to read through the story carefully and pick out the words that mean something to them. Write the words into a speech bubble. Discuss why they have chosen them.

Task 2: Children to write a 'tweet'

about the story.



me and reminds me	name being called?	What are the	
of being on holiday.	Can you give any		
Discuss what the	reasons why Eli	important	
		messages? What	
children don't like	kept telling Samuel	could the hashtag	
listening to?	to go back to sleep?	be?	
Task 2: List these as	If you had been		
well with reasons.	Samuel, what		
	thoughts would you		
Compare lists and	have had if you had		
then place in order	heard the voice?		
of priority the most	Lead the children in		
important people	an imaginative		
and things they	contemplation of		
need to listen to.	this story.		
	Explain that Samuel		
Explore the	listened to the voice		
difference between	of God who was		
hearing something	calling him to do		
and listening to	something special		
something. What	with his life.		
skills are needed to			
listen?	Task: Children to		
Why do we need to	work in groups of 3		
listen?	to create a roleplay		
What does listening	of the story.		
help us to do?	Ensure that children		
	carefully select the		
Children to work on	key words and		
a short role-play in	ine, words and		
a shore role play in			

	groups about times	phrases from their			
	when they listened	Bibles.			
	well or times when				
	they did not listen.				
	Give appropriate				
	guidance and				
	support and make				
	sure that				
	expectations of the				
	children are clear.				
	Big question: Why is				
	listening important?				
	Discuss and share				
	responses.				
		ال المناطع عالمالية المالية	LO: LO: Divide 2-digits		
5000	LO: Divide 2-digits by 1 digit – no exchange	LO: Divide 2-digits by 1 digit – Flexible partitioning	by 1 digit with remainders	LO: How many ways?	LO: Problem solving – mixed problems 1
200 C					
CX 505	Workbook pages	Workbook pages	Workbook pages	Workbook pages	Workbook pages
-	27-29	30-32	33-35	36-38	39-41
Maths					
	LO: To be able to	LO: To make plausible	LO:) To be able to ask	LO: To write a	LO: To use expanded
	cohesively join	inferences about a	investigative questions	recount from the	noun phrases to

	T			T	
0 to 100	sentences to build	character's emotions		point of view of an	express an emotional
what you sand	stanzas	throughout a text		eyewitness	response
s a it	Whole Class:	Whole Class:	Whole Class:	Whole Class:	Whole Class:
English	Now, like during the	What do you think	Remove the picture	Look at an age-	Read to the end of
	last session, play	about Edmund as a	of Mr Tumnus from	appropriate	chapter 7. Return to
	another game of	person? Would you	the wall before the	newspaper article –	'at the name of
	Expanding Nouns in	like to be friends	children come in to	one copy per pair of	Aslan each one of
	pairs, this time	with him? Why?	the session. Make	children. This needs	the children felt
	using own content	Discuss that he	the area that was	to have reported	something jump in
	from splats	seems to be an	set as Mr Tumnus'	speech in it. Fastest	its inside' Generate
	describing own	unhappy and angry	cave look as if it has	finger first: Children	some adjectives
	sweet. e.g. Sherbet	person and explore	been ransacked.	point to the	associated with the
	Straw, a rustling	his emotions.	Have the text	features of	sort of
	bag of joyfulness.	Sculpture and	written on a notice	journalistic writing	feeling/dream
	Shared writing:	sculpted: Children	(you could cut	on the text in front	described. Thought
	Model writing of a	work in pairs to	jagged edges on	of them that you	tapping: Thought
	'stanza' (e.g. 4	'sculpt' a partner	snow white paper	call out e.g.	tap to hear what
	sentences) using	into a position	to look like icicles -	headline, caption,	children think each
	ideas from the	which	exactly the sort of	witness, reported	character's
	original whole-class	demonstrates	writing paper the	speech, column as a	responses might be:
	Senses Splat.	Edmund's emotions	White Witch might	quick re-cap of the	Teacher and TA/a
	Include authorial	at different points	use for her	text-type. Look at	pupil who has been
	devices such as	in the story so far.	correspondence!):	notes the children	prompted model
	onomatopoeia,	Now model drawing	The former	took yesterday	how to freeze
	similes and	an emotions graph	occupant of these	when they	frame then Thought
	alliteration, as well	for Edmund so far.	premises, the Faun	interviewed the	Tap to express the
	as modelling the	Use a large sheet of	Tumnus, is under	eye-witness. Shared	emotions each child
	addition of the	paper but only draw	arrest and awaiting	writing: Model how	might feel at the
	expanded noun	a graph on the left	his trial on a charge	to put what the	mention of Aslan.

phrases from the first part of the session. The gossamer green ribbon glided out of its knot. The lid to the box of hopefulness opened with a pop. Encourage children to identify similes, onomatopoeia and alliteration where used. Refer to 'splats' to create images in poem, and link each stanza to a different sense. Independent work: Children to use phrases from **Expanding Nouns to** write their own poem using the opener: The instant I saw the box, I was under a* spell. Listing four sentences based on

hand third as this graph will be added to as the story progresses. Decide what the axes represent – x should represent the passing of time and y should represent the range of emotions. Show the change in emotions over time) e.g. Edmund feels sorry when he realises Lucy wasn't lying about Narnia. Independent work: Children draw the emotions graph in their workbook and, using evidence from a copy of the text, children continue to plot emotions along the graph. Remind them that some may not be easy to spot e.g. Edmund

of High Treason against her Imperial Majesty Jadis, Queen of Narnia, Chatelaine of Cair Paravel, Empress on the Lone Islands, etc., also of comforting her said majesty's enemies, harbouring spies and fraternizing with Humans. Signed MAUGRIM, Captain of the Secret Police LONG LIVE THE QUEEN! What's happened? Why? Read chapter 6, stopping at 'The children stared at each other. **Independent work:** What questions would you ask if there had been someone (an eye-

witness) to witness

Mr Tumnus being

children recorded as reporters yesterday into quote form, using quotation marks (reported speech). Generate synonyms for 'said'. Independent work Children continue writing the article independently.

Then children freeze frame for Lucy, teacher to thought tap then repeat for Susan. Before freezeframing and thought-tapping Edmund, refer back to the emotions graph that was begun in Session 6. Given his general demeanour, how might Edmund's emotional response to hearing Aslan's name differ from his siblings? Have a go at freeze-framing and thoughttapping for Edmund.

Independent work

Children think of a character who will be their own version of Aslan each different sense so that each child ends up with a 5 stanza poem. *this will probably be changed to 'his' or 'her' later on once the children have decided who the wicked character will be in their story

stammers as he introduces himself to the Queen. We can infer from this that he feels frightened.

taken? In mixed ability pairs, children prepare questions to ask the eye-witness, using talk to the hand.



when they come to write their version of the story. Give the children a sheet with silhouettes of 4 children drawn in a line along the bottom, thought bubbles next to their heads. Ask children to write the name and a one-line description of their alternative to Aslan along the top of the sheet e.g. Storsa, a powerful, noble bear who is the bringer of peace.



Then the children write what their characters will think and feel when they first hear the powerful being's name as an

Spelling & Handwriting	disable disagree disappear disappoint disbelief discover disgrace dislike disobey distrust	disable disagree disappear disappoint disbelief discover disgrace dislike disobey distrust	disable disagree disappear disappoint disbelief discover disgrace dislike disobey distrust	disable disagree disappear disappoint disbelief discover disgrace dislike disobey distrust	extended character description. disable disagree disappear disappoint disbelief discover disgrace dislike disobey distrust Computing
Wider Curriculum	Lesson 2: Why does it rain? Key questions How does warm air behave? What happens when water cools? How does rain form over mountains? Prior knowledge: Lesson slides 1–6 and Work booklet page 8 Show pupils the main lesson question and Key questions.	Lesson 2: LO To compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties Recap what children can remember about rocks from previous lesson. What rocks did we look at? What did you observe.	Can tell you about a person who faced difficult challenges and achieved success Can respect and admire people who overcome obstacles and achieve their dreams and goals (e.g., through disability)	https://www.kap owprimary.com/s ubjects/art- design/lower-key- stage-2/year- 4/year-4- drawing/lesson-2- sense-of- proportion/ LO: To explore proportion and tone when drawing. Introduce the concept of proportion by	https://www.kap owprimary.com/s ubjects/computin g/lower-key- stage-2/year- 3/digital-literacy- 2/digital- literacy/lesson-2- filming/ To take photos or videos that tell a story. Slide 4: hand out the children's storyboards from the previous

Pupils should complete the Quiz independently, but can check back in their Work booklets if they need to.

Explore:

Display the image without the labels (slide 7). Ask pupils what happens when hot air goes into a hot air balloon. Why does the balloon go up? Read 'How does a hot air balloon work?' together.

Display the image with the labels (slide 8) and ask pupils to repeat 'Warm air rises. Cold air sinks.' to aid recall. Share the power point about rock formation and the different types of rock.

Explain that in today's lesson the children will be testing the rocks physical properties. Introduce children to each test and allow them to conduct and each one in small groups.

Test 1- the hardness test (using different items like a plastic spoon, nail, lollypop stick) children to test the hardness of different rocks.
Rotate the rocks around the different groups. Children to rank the rocks in

Make sure the children understand the **key vocabulary** from these during the lesson so they can reflect on them at the end.

- Perseverance
- Challenges
- Success
- Obstacles
- Dreams
- Goals

Working in small groups, each group has a set of picture cards which are the same as this slide.

Ask the groups to decide which person is facing the biggest challenge.

Encourage discussion about different types of challenges and draw out that what is challenging to one

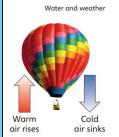
sharing the following artworks and asking: What do you think these artworks have in common? Link: 'Man Pointing (1947) by Alberto Giacometti'. Link: 'Dancing in Colombia (1980) by Fernando Botero'. The children may notice that the

The children may notice that the figures have features of unusual sizes; Giacometti's man has very long, thin limbs and Botero's people are all of different sizes within one painting. Explain that artists can play around with proportion: how big one part of something looks

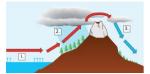
lesson before they begin filming.
They can start filming or taking photos for their book trailers, thinking about all the different shots that they will need to include and how they will accomplish this:

- How are they going to frame their shots?
- Have they filmed or taken photos for every part of their storyboard?

Remind the children that they can order the different clips later, as long as



Recap the water cycle.



Pupils should complete question 1 in pairs.

Display the image of the cross-section of a mountain. Ask pupils where they think it is warmest and coldest. Where is it raining on the diagram and where is it not raining? Talk pupils through the diagram, referring to the Knowledge

order from hardest to softest.

Test 2 – the water test. Children to test the permeability of rocks using a pipette of water. Children to rank the rocks in order from the most permeable to the least.

Test 3 – teacher model: the acid test. Teacher to put a drop of vinegar onto each rock. Children to observe if it fizzes and rank the rocks from most acidic to least.

Come back together and discuss the results of the investigation. What have we learned about the rocks? person is 'normal' to another.

You may like to ask the groups to rank all six of the cards in terms of greatest to least challenge.

In your Jigsaw
Journal, choose one
of the picture cards
and write a short
back story for the
person facing the
challenge.

compared to the rest of it.

they get all the scenes they need. Slide 5: once they have finished, ask them to refer back to their storyboards specifically, the extra notes they wrote for the voiceovers, text. sound effects or music. Slide 6: explain that for the voiceover, they need to write a simple script. Remind them that it should make the viewer eager to read the book without giving away too many details. Explain that the voiceover, sound effects and text must match what is happening on screen.

organiser (page 2	2) as How arre they		
necessary.	different?	<u>Music</u>	MFLhttps://www.ka
Pupils should		https://www.kapow	powprimary.com/su
complete question	on 2 in	primary.com/subjec	bjects/french/mixed
	011 2 111	ts/music/instrument	-age-y3-4/y3-4-cycle-
pairs.		<u>al-</u>	a/y3-4-playground-
		scheme/instrument	games-numbers-
Display the image	e and	al-lessons-music-	and-age-cycle-
read 'Rain shado	ws'	model-	<u>a/lesson-2-lets-</u>
together.		curriclum/carribean-	count-higher-in-
together.		instrumental-lesson-	<u>french/</u>
		plans/caribbean-	L O TO
Show pupils whe	re the	music-lesson-2-	LO: To count
Himalayan Moun	tains	whats-the-story/	beyond six in
are on a map. Wi	ith	LO: To improvise a	French.
Google Maps, yo	u can	vocal part in the	Learning a finger
'enable globe vie		style of a Calypso.	rhyme
		style of a Carypso.	You are going to
and can view the		Ask the children	use a traditional
mountains in 3D.			French nursery
Pupils should		what they can remember about	rhyme to teach the
complete question	ons 3		children the
and 4 independe	ntly.	Calypso music	French numbers
Take feedback as		from the previous lesson. Draw out	from seven to 12.
	,		The song is called,
class.		the understanding	'Un, deux, trois,
		that Calypso songs	nous irons au
		are	bois '. Here are the
		topical/political,	words with a
		and they discuss	translation.

		the 'big issues' of the day, a bit like newspapers and television news shows do. Explain to the children that they are going to add their own 'news headlines' to the song, which is part of the tradition of Calypso music where some sections are often made up on the spot – which in music we call 'improvising'. In this song 'What's the story?', like a lot of Calypso music there is a verse and a chorus to sing (draw attention to these where they are marked on the music on slide 2),	Use the Teacher video: Let's count higher to play the song to the children twice.

				headlines are going to fit into the gaps in the chorus. These gaps are represented on the by either one or two minim rests and a crotchet rest. As the children if they can work out how many beats rest this will be? (Just three or five beats!)	
Daily PE Activity	https://app.realpe.c o.uk/pe/year/3/unit/ 2/lesson/2	Fitness - Cat and mouse tag Ball skills - Line tag	Outdoor gym	Daily mile	1 min each exercise: - Star jumps - Crunches - Squat jumps - Mountain climbers - plank

Homework:			
Homework.			

Communicating with school

Please direct all queries to the school office email on: office@olc.solihull.sch.uk