

Message from the teachers: Hello Everyone!











HOMEWORK:



RE: This term for our Gospel values and virtues, we are trying to be both Eloquent and Truthful. We are trying to show how we can forgive one another.



English: This week we will be reading Billy and the Beast week 3. Here we have tried to use our question skills to find out as much information about the main characters in this story by Nadia Shareem. It will be a super story, especially since the Beast has already visited and left a trail of destruction in our classrooms! Whatever will happen next?

Maths Practice Journals homework in class which gives us the opportunity to address any misconceptions. Y2 Please complete the following pages of _____ *Maths homework will be sent out on a Friday and due in the following Wednesday (in time for marking). We have also received our Numbots and Times Tables Rockstars letters and logins to complete some wonderful online fun activities using our number bonds and multiplication skills!



Spellings: Weekly spellings are available on the learning plans on the school website. During the week, you will complete activities using these spellings in class (see below 'Spellings').



Reading: Reading books have been sent out and we hope to change them during the week (please send your child's reading book each day, as there will be lots of opportunities to read in school). The books are shared in the class library too. Please record any additional books that have been read in their reading record books. You families can add lovely comments of encouragement to share your special reading time each day.

Thank you so much for your support. Please do come and see us if you have questions. Kind regards,

This Weekly Learning Plan shares the learning that will be taking place this week.

Mrs Redfern & Miss Sidwell, Teachers: Mrs Humphris & Mrs Smith

Miss Ryan

Year:

Mrs Redfern Miss Sidwell, Mrs Humphris, Miss Ryan & Mrs Smith

Date:

Monday 8th April 2024

FRIDAY MONDAY INSET TUESDAY WEDNESDAY THURSDAY Sharing Our Catholic Pupil Profile: **UNIT I: HOLY WEEK UNIT J HOLY WEEK: Prayer and Liturgy:** UNIT J : EASTER **GOSPEL VALUES & VIRTUES Bible Detectives-Holy Week** Stations of the Cross- A (Share class prayer and To create a liturgy together). **Visit to Olton Friary to** He's Alive LO: To know that Jesus is the look at the Stations Poster Son of God; that the Cross is the (We have these photographs of **Year of Prayer** sign of Jesus' love for us. these in school too) Arrange and Children to match the **OUR FATHER:** sequence the stations. words of Jesus with his actions at the Last How many times does Jesus fall? Big Question- How can Supper. Who does he meet? we be both eloquent and What did Jesus say truthful during about the bread and What does he wear on his head? VOCABULARY Eastertide? wine? What did he tell What doe it mean? Holv Week. his disciples to do?

Jesus, Palm Sunday,
Hosanna,
Last Supper, bread,
wine, body, blood,
disciples, washing of
feet, Stations of the
Cross, Veronica,
Mary, death,
crucifixion,
cross.





https://cafod.org.uk/educatio n/primary-teachingresources/cst-pack-forchildren

TEN:TEN-Guided meditation

LO: To know of some that there are many different ways to pray–

BIG Question: How we pray together?

- Silent prayer; that they can speak to God in formal prayer and in their own words.
- To know that silence is an opportunity to listen and pray to God.
- To identify some of the different ways people pray in Church.
 - To use their own words to write simple

- Retell the Last Supper-Sing This is my Body
- Act out the Last Supper using bread and grape juice.
- knew that they were coming to a special meal. Do you think they expected him to do what he did?
- Using pictures of the disciples at the Last Supper and to write their thoughts at what Jesus was doing.



LO: To know what Jesus said and did at the Last Supper table.

Big Question: How can we show that we understand that the bread and wine became the body and blood of Jesus?

Knowing More/ Remembering More

Understand that scripture stories reveal and hand on

Explain to the children that the pictures retell the story of Jesus carrying his cross and his death.

Highlight for the children important parts of the story and important characters that

we meet on the way (e.g. Veronica, Mary, the falls of Jesus, Nailing to the cross and the death of Jesus).

Children to imagine the different characters' thoughts during this sad journey of Jesus.

Extension:

Ask the children to express their own thoughts about the pictures and what they tell them about this important journey of Jesus. In groups paint/collage stations to be placed in different locations around the school. Using clay/plasticine and sticks make simple 3D models of each station.

Explore the Stations created by different artists.

Access the Internet for different stations.

Give the children an A3 "map" with the captions for each station already in place.

Children match the correct picture to each caption.







To evaluate your family Easter Cards (that you made before your Easter break- photographed)





https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=d4R-WFkm41s

Learn a sung version of the Our Father

(C1 Take part in celebrations which express thanks and praise R1 That praise and thanks are expressed in prayer).

https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=i70XoA2ZxYQ



https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=up3epar5xek



PRAYER: Remember...
LO: To know of some traditional prayers of the Church –

thank you and asking prayers

Discuss: Do we always have to pray out loud with words?

Explore opportunities to talk to God quietly without speaking any words.
Guided meditation:

(e.g. Joining hands, sitting, standing and kneeling, sign of the cross)

https://hallow.com/blog/how-to-pray-our-father/

Answer the Big Question and share your thoughts together...

I wonder?

Ask wondering questions about all of the areas of study and recognize that some questions are difficult to answer:

Good News about God and contain messages about life; that Jesus reveals the Good News of God his Father.

- Recall and develop their knowledge of the events of Holy Week in the life of Jesus.
- To know the story of Palm Sunday.
- To understand some of the feelings and emotions of people who waved and cheered for Jesus.

Create a display of the Last Supper in the classroom. Have a table set with bread and wine, candles, pictures of the Last Supper and water for the washing of the feet.

Ask the children to think about what they might be remembering during this lesson.

Recall with the children as much as they can remember about the Last Supper, use the display as the story is retold.

Children to match the words of Jesus with his actions at the Last Supper.



To prompt ideas, reflect with the children about how the Stations of the Cross can help Christians follow Jesus today.

Focus on Veronica, Mary and the falls of Jesus



•Silent prayer; that they can speak to God in formal prayer and in their own words.

•To know that silence is an opportunity to listen and pray to God.

- To identify some of the different ways people pray in Church.
- To use their own words to write simple thank you and asking prayers

Discuss: Do we always have to pray out loud with words?

Explore opportunities to talk to God quietly without speaking any words.

Guided meditation:

(e.g. Joining hands, sitting, standing and kneeling, sign of the cross)

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Who listens to use when we pray?



What did Jesus say about the bread and wine? What did he tell his disciples to do? Retell the story to tape. Use untuned percussion instruments to provide sound effects.

Act out the Last Supper using bread and grape juice.

The disciples of Jesus knew that they were coming to a special meal. Do you think they expected him to do what he did?

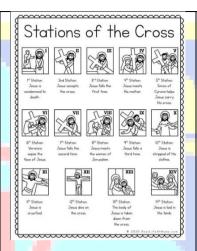
Provide children with pictures of the disciples at the Last Supper and to write their thoughts at what Jesus was doing.

ER 1 Say what they wonder about

ER 2 Ask wondering questions about all of the areas of study and recognize that some questions are difficult to answer

ER 3 Talk about their own feelings, experiences and the things that matter to them

ER 4 Ask and respond to questions about their own and others' feelings, experiences and things that matter to them



KU 13 Use religious words and phrases

ER 1 Say what they wonder about

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ER 3 Talk about their own feelings, experiences and the things that matter to them

ER 4 Ask and respond to questions about their own and others' feelings. experiences and things that matter to them

- How do Saints help us in our prayer life?
- Are there different types of prayer that we can experience together? Eg. Meditative.

00/25	LO: Counting in 2's	LO: Counting in 10's	LO: Counting in 5's	LO: Equal groups	LO: Add equal groups
E3082902	Unit 11: multiplication and	Unit 11: multiplication and	Unit 11: multiplication and	Unit 11: multiplication and	Unit 11: multiplication and
230000	Division	Division	Division	Division	Division
60800	DIVISION	DIVISION	DIVISION	DIVISION	DIVISION
SX 503	Text Book Page <mark>s 8-</mark> 11	Text Book Pages 12-15	Text Book Pages 16-19	Text Book Pages 20-23	Text Book Pages 24-27
Maths	Workbook Page <mark>s 6</mark> -8	Workbook Pages 9-11	Workbook Pag <mark>es</mark> 12-14	Workbook Pages 15-17	Workbook Pages 18-20
PoWER AND 2B		-			
and the state of t	LO: 11) To spell words	LO: 12) To plan a story	LO: 13) To sequence simple noun	LO: 14) To sequence sentences	LO: 15) To use capital letters for
TO STORY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	containing the split-vowel		phrases and sentences to form	to form short narratives	names and at the start of a
what E. Sand	digraphs and write commands	a. I	short narratives		sentence
· 6/2/m 11					
English	Intro:	Intro:	Intro:	Intro:	Intro:
	It would be useful if, prior to	Explain to the children that they	Modelled writing:	Now model writing the 5th and	Teacher model how to edit for
NADIA SHIREEN	this session, some reading for	are going to write their own	Model introducing and describing	6th sections of your version of	capital letters and full stops.
BILLY & BEAST	research had been conducted	story based on Billy and the	your Billy character + sidekick	the story.	capital letters and rail stops.
	into recipes so that children	Beast about a child with big hair	using ideas from session 9.	the story.	Make links to handwriting to
The state of the s	have some experience of the	(or other attribute) who defeats	and the second s	Focus on the part where the	make sure children know how to
	language involved.	a terrible beast by tricking the	Draw upon learning about the	Terrible Beas <mark>t is cooking</mark>	form the right capitals in the
	3 3	beast with everyday objects.	suffixes -ed to model what they	(session 11 – refer to the Book	right place.
	Have the objects used		did as they walked, then the	of Beastly Recipes) and how	
Company : Land of Hamilton	yesterday and other objects	Model planni <mark>ng u</mark> sing a story	section where they say hello to	your Billy character becomes a	This can be done by having a
	that could be in the Billy	mountain:	the animals (chosen in session	hero by rummaging in his/her	model already written using just
	character's hair.	They are captured by the Terrible Beast	11).	hair and using items to trick the	lowercase and having the capital
				Beast:	letters on post-it notes that the
	You may also want to have	They realise their friends have Unlikely hero defeats Terrible	Remind the children about capital		children choose to overlay over
	some stuffed animals or small-	They say hello to their friends	letters (including for proper	Marty was extremely cross!	the text.
	world creatures as this session	Tubroduce The friends	nouns) and full stops.	Then she saw the	
	is very much about story-	child and are safe!		Dreadful Monster. He was	Development:
	making where the children will		Marty and The Monster	cooking a Dreadful Dinner	Let children edit using a
	start to think about the	Development:	Marty and The Monster	and all of her friends were	different colour pen to show
	creatures in their own version.	Children to plan own story.	Marty and Tubbydog were	for the pot! Ah ha ha! I'm	where the capital letters and full
	l		stomping through the	going to make a dreadful	stops are and also for any
	Link to science or geography	They need to think about details	woods. They listened to the	dinner and I'm going to	missing words.
	topic if relevant.	such as:	birds, played in the grass		
			and walked along the path.	sprinkle some sliced stoat.	When they are finished, ask
		Who the child is (session 9)	die calina die 13 die bach	Marty Could not let this	children to read each other's

Play a circle-game where one child is in the middle being The Terrible Beast:

Ah ha ha! I'm going to make terrible soup and I'm going to grate some pickled vole.

Suggested words containing split vowel digraphs: make, grate, pine, cone, mice

Development:

Model writing down some of the role-play (which will have served as oral rehearsal):

To make terrible soup you will need:

2 pickled voles

Apply sound-buttons as needed.

Reminding children about the plurals explored in session 6, let them continue to write their own list of ingredients.

Then model the next stage which is to write the method:

First grate some of the pickled voles.

Children to write own beastly recipe, choosing the type of dish: stew, casserole,

Who (animal) the sidekick is

How they move through the forest (session 3)

The animals that they say hello to (session 11)

What their own monster looks like

What the monster is cooking (session 11)

How the child character becomes a hero and the things that they find in their hair to save the animals (session 8)

You may want to do this activity in small focus groups over the course of a day or two.

Plenary:

Let children work with a partner, each having a turn at using their story mountain to orally rehearse their story.

Resources:

Story-mountain templates with the 6 main, generic events already written on They said hello to the stoat, hello to the badger and hello to the little fluffy owl chicks. Suddenly there was a growl! But it was just Tubbydog's rumbling tummy. Marty rummaged in her hair and found a nice biscuit. Tubbydog was Marty's faithful and fearless friend.

Development:

Children write the first section of their story.

This could be done in small groups if necessary.

Once this is done, model your version of the middle of the story, where the Billy and sidekick characters realise that their friends have disappeared before being captured themselves:

They walked back and said hello to the hedgehog...oh! Where was he? Where was the badger? And where were the little fluffy owl chicks? They scratched their heads. Just then, it went dark...

Children write their mid-sections

Plenary:

happen! She rummaged in her hair and found...

Development:

Children write sections 5 and 6 of their stories, stopping just before the part where the 3 adorable little creatures help capture the monster.

Work in pairs to support one another with composition and editing.

Plenary:

Now shared-write the part where 3 adorable little creatures help capture the monster.

Support the children to generate ideas about how their Terrible Beast will be captured/ 'disposed' of!

Allow the children some time to finish their stories.

Resources:

work using the pairs from yesterday to check that it makes sense and take it in turns to read listen, clapping where there is a capital letter and putting their hand up if there could be an extra word added in.

Plenary:

Children to read their completed stories to a partner, listening out to check that story language has been used.

Edit further as needed.

Resources:

Plenary:

Collate recipes into an instant Book of Beastly Recipes by asking children to bring out their recipe as you call each letter of the alphabet out.

Holepunch and then tie with string or ribbon

Resources:

Objects Stuffed animals Small-world objects

Use the suffix fixer cards to check spelling of the -ed words. Ensure that children have capitalised names.

Resources:

Suffix fixers used in session 3



Spelling & **Handwriting**

Year one and Year Two Words Consolidate FS Words

LO: CEW - Common **Exception Words Focus**



LO: CEW - This week's Words **Common Exception Words**

after	bath	child	children
door	even	floor	half
hour	past	path	whole

LO: CEW - Common Exception **Words Focus**



LO: CEW - This week's Words Common Exception Words

after	bath	child	children
door	even	floor	half
hour	past	path	whole

LO: CEW – Common Exception **Words Focus**







Jigsaw/ PSHE Unit 5: **Y1**



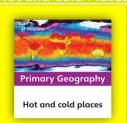
Year 1: **Weekly Celebrations:**

PE: Creative-Link Movements

Warm Up: Grand Prix

Explore the Track Pit stop tag With a ball Share and explore Get creative **Keep Count** Watch carefully

Geography: Hot and Cold Places



Science: Year 1/2 Wild and Wonderful **Creatures**

Lesson 5-6: Habitats in a Bottle

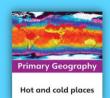


Art/RE: Woven Wonders



LO: To know that art can be made in different ways **Pupils should be taught:**

Humanities



SENGRAPHY





Know how to make friends

Piece 1

1. Families

Vocabulary:

- Family
- Belong
- Different
- Same

PSHE learning intention

I can identify the members of my family and understand that there are lots of different types of families.

Social and emotional development learning intention
I know how it feels to belong to a family and care about the people

Resources

Family game cards, Jigsaw Chime, Slide show, Jigsaw Journals, My Jigsaw Journey, Learning/Reflection

who are important to me

Personal best
Challenge
Practice
In pairs
Outside the box
Watch and learn
Race Time

Ball Skills

Green

down your legs and around your body

Now use one hand to challenge yourself

Focus on maintaining a good balance throughouter

Perform the movements smoothly and with control

Take it and roll a ball up and

Red

Focus on moving the ball smoothly before increasing speed

Move the ball with your fingers, avoiding it touching

fingers, avoiding it touching your bodyTry to complete
16 in 20 seconds

Getting Around Us Yr 2 (cooperative)

Video 3 Review Question

Lesson 6: What features does an animal need to live in a hot/cold place?

Purpose

In this lesson, pupils will investigate how animals adapt to hot and cold climates.

The aim is to assess pupils' understanding of climatic conditions in hot and cold locations — demonstrated by their choice of animal characteristics — and annotation skills (whether they simply label their animal or also provide explanatory detail).

By the end of the lesson pupils should ...

- know how and why animals have adapted to live in different places.
- be able to annotate a drawing.

Lesson -Activate prior knowledge 5 mins

Lesson slides 1–4 and Work booklet page 16

Show pupils the main lesson question. Pupils should complete the Quiz independently.

Demonstrate Understanding (5 mins) Lesson slide 5

Display the slide and ask pupils if they think the image shows a real animal.

LO: To create a bottle habitat for an animal

Science Objectives:

- 1. Identify and name a variety of common animals that are birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates (1AH).
- 2. Identify, name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores & omnivores (1AH).
- 3. ill) Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, iv. mammals and invertebrates, and including pets)
- 4. (1AH).
- 5. Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults (2AH).

Working scientificially:

- Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways.
- 2. Observing closely, using simple equipment.
- 3. Performing simple tests
- 4. Identifying and classifying

To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.

(See National Curriculum - Art and design programmes of study: key stages 1 to 2).

Vocabulary:

art artist craft

Definitions...

art

Something that expresses ideas or feelings with imagination and skill.

artist

A person who makes creative or expressive things.

craft

Something creative or imaginative that has a use

- I can explain why an activity is 'making art'.
- I can describe something creative

Sheet, Jigsaw Jack, Jigsaw Jerrie Cat.

Movement Skills

Work with a partner and take turns to pass a ball around your partner's body and then try passing it around both of you to see if you can find different ways and the quickest way.

Once you've tried these, try with both of you moving a ball around each other at the same time.

Tricky
Use a larger ball.

Work individually, moving ball around own body.

Move the ball slowly.

Move the ball at the same height.

Tricky/ Trickier/ Trickiest Badge of Honour

You all know what you're going to try hard at in the lesson today. You will all be given some sticker badges. When you're asked a question about who has

Ask them to discuss in pairs and then justify their answer.

Targeted activity 5 mins

Lesson slides 6–7 and Work booklet page 16

Display the slides and ask pupils to choose one of the locations.

Ask them to look closely at their chosen location and discuss in pairs what they notice, e.g. what the temperature could be, how much it will rain, what food there will be for animals to eat.

Pupils should complete task 1 independently.

Summative assessment -30 mins

Lesson slides 6–7 and Work booklet pages 17–18

See also the Geography: Cause and effect toolkit, Waypoint 1

Explain that pupils are going to create an animal that could live in their chosen location.

Discuss the features that might help the animal survive, and record pupils' suggestions on the board as a prompt, e.g. for the snowy location: thick fur, small noses, small ears, white fur; for the desert location: thin fur, small noses, small ears, brown fur, etc.

Ask pupils to complete either task 2 or task 3 independently by drawing their animal onto their chosen background and then labelling and annotating its different features.

- 5. Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions
- 6. Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions

You Will Need:

Pretend Habitats examples 'Finding Nemo' DVD.

Whole class:

Ask the chn to tell you what they know about habitats and write them on the board.

Ask them to think specifically about underwater habitats (not as familiar to them as others).

Play the chn parts of 'Finding Nemo', focusing on the parts where Nemo is at home in the coral reef after his adventure (end of the film).

Freeze the action and discuss the wild creatures you can see, their place in the habitats and which characters in the film are carnivores (at the end of the film the sharks are seen living with the smaller fish.

Ask: In what ways is this not scientific and accurate?

(Sharks are carnivores and predators and the smaller fish

- I do in or out of school.
- I can draw an example of me being an artist

•

Attention Grabber: Organise the classroom so the children can work in pairs or small groups.

Hand out the pre-cut Activity: Is it art? (see Print in advance) one copy between two or three children.

- 1. Ask them to look carefully at what people are doing in the pictures. They sort the images according to the activities shown. As a class. discuss their choices; what similarities and differences have they noticed? (Children may suggest things like the people are playing/not playing, they are making something for a celebration, or they are making something useful/something for decoration.)
- 2. Next, ask pupils to sort the pictures into two groups 'art' and 'not art'. Again, discuss their ideas. Introduce the word 'craft' to describe making something creative or expressive that could also be useful, or that has a purpose;

been trying hard, answer by placing a sticker/badge on someone in your group you think deserves it.

At the end of the lesson you could tell your group why you gave a badge or even why you think you were given a sticker/badge!

Share a few annotations and work together to improve them. You may wish to give pupils a time limit for designing their animal because it is more important to justify why their animal's characteristics help them survive in the extreme climates, e.g. 'My animal has big, flat feet to stop it sinking into the sand. It has small eyes and long eyelashes to keep the sand out of its eyes.'

Reflect 5 mins

Lesson slide 8 and Work booklet page 4

Pupils should complete their Learning review. If you have time, you could share what the pupils have written.

Extend and stretch

Work booklet pages 17–18

are prey, so in real life they wouldn't be living together in harmony).

Show the chn the examples of habitats and ask them to get together in pairs to discuss and plan their own habitat in a bottle.

Encourage them to include a predator at the top of the food chain and then the prey, with places for the prey to hide.

Ask them to sketch their design for their bottle habitat on paper and to make a list of the creatures they will need. for example, painting a picture of a lego ship would be art but designing and making the lego ship would be craft. Can they identify any crafts from the Activity: Is it art?

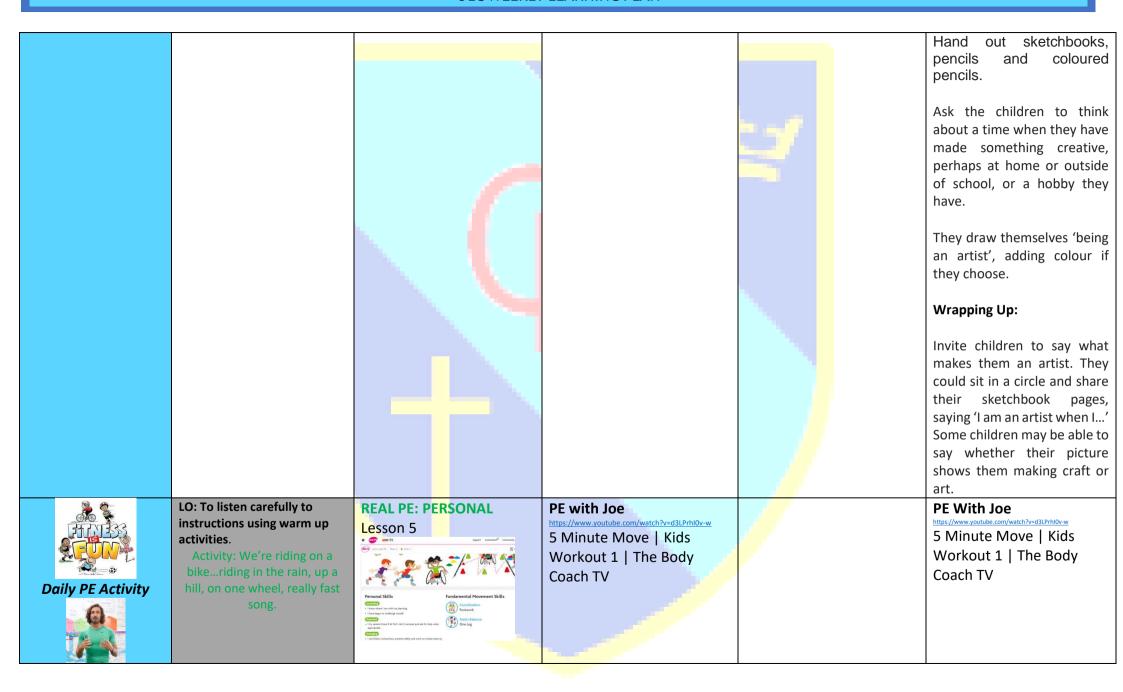
3. Use the images provided in the Presentation: Is it art? to discuss their ideas about the difference between art and craft.



Main Event:

The visitor you arranged now talks to the class, describing their creative or craft interest (see Teacher knowledge for ideas). Encourage pupils to ask questions and reflect on whether the hobby described is art or craft (something creative that can also be useful).

Sketchbook reflection



Communicating with school

Please direct all queries to the school office email on: office@olc.solihull.sch.uk

