

This Weekly Learning Plan shares the learning that will be taking place this week.

Mrs Redfern & Miss McDonnell, Mrs Humphris & Mrs SmithYear:1DateMiss Ryan1111	W/B Monday 25 th September 2023
--	--

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
--------	---------	-----------	----------	--------







CAT PRO VALU





CREATION UNIT A:	(UNIT A POG)		LO: To explore psalms	LITURGY & WORSHIP
	LO: To understand how		number 8 and 139.	
LO: Sharing Our Catholic	we can show that we	LO: To write a class version		LO: To Hold a special liturgy
Pupil Profile	are grateful for God's	of St. Francis' song praising	List the things th <mark>at G</mark> od has	celebrating some of
rupirronie	creation	God for the different things	made and explain why they	the work in this topic.
GOSPEL VALUES		that God has made.	are important.	
	LO: To create a fact-file			To use some of the creation
VIRTUES: Generous &	about St. Francis of			psalms in
Grateful.	Assisi			Collective Worship
	CST: Unit A – Creation	Read the story of St. Francis	Show children, through pictures and	•
WE ARE GROWING TO BE:	Steward Ship of God's	pr <mark>each</mark> ing <mark>to t</mark> he birds of the air.	produce, that this is Harvest time and	
GENEROUS	Creation:		that this is a time for celebration and	
So determine the exploration of the maximum of the sector	How can we be guardians of	Why do you think St. Francis spoke	giving thanks to God.	
By the there is not a first of the there is a first of the there is a first of the the there is a first of the	God's Creation?	to <mark>the</mark> bird <mark>s of</mark> the air?	Introduce the word "Psalm" to the	
Set any processing and processing of the set	How can we show that we are	What does this story tell us about	children.	
The end of the state of the sta	grateful for God's creation?	the world God has made?		
			Explain that these are special songs	
CATHOLIC PUPIL		St. Francis wrote a special song	and prayers in the Bible that thank	C1 Take part in celebrations which express thanks and praise.
PROFILE: GOSPEL		praising God for everything he had	God for his special gifts.	R1 That praise and thanks are
		made in the <mark>wo</mark> rld: Sun, Moon, Fire, and Water. Share with the	Share with the children Psalm 8 and	expressed in prayer, e.g. creation
VALUES & VIRTUES		children a version of the song.	139. 'All of God's creation is	psalms.
			wonderful'	
and the second sec				Create a class litany of thanks.
	Steward <mark>shi</mark> p_Lets	Begin each verse with the words,		Each child names the part of
GENEROUS AND GRATEFUL	research ST. Francis of	"Be praised my Lord."		creation they most value (e.g.
	As <mark>sisi</mark>			Thank you God for the sunshine
	 Who was he? 			because, etc.)
	 Is he a role model 			White each part of the literation
Genesis 1: 2-4 – The Story of	of ste <mark>wa</mark> rdship of		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7	Write each part of the litany on
Creation	God's creation		<u>6030H33Ghs</u>	different coloured strips of paper to use in class liturgies.
https://www.woutube.com/wetab2	 Begin to gather 		List some of the things that God has	
https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=eiYhoBHpyEA	information for a		made. Why are they important?	
	fac <mark>tfile</mark> of S.Francis			
			What does Psalm 139 tell us about	
			human beings?	
Day a	1	and the second se		
Day a P Construction				
	(h) /17			





English



Read up to 'but his voice was too small to be heard over the ship's horn'.

Grammar splat (adverbs and adverbials): Read the first part of the story and ask children to identify the words and phrases that start sentences, other than 'he' and 'the boy'. Identify once, one day, so, that night, the next morning. Explain that these are types of adverbs (and adverbials) that help us to sequence stories.

Give children key images from the beginning of the story and ask them to work in pairs to retell the story so far to one another, using the adverbs orally Grammar splat: Repeat the grammar splat activity, this time

focusing on the verbs from first part of story – e.g. ignored, helped etc. Explain that these verbs are all in the past tense because they

have already

happened. Identify the ending of the verbs. Model turning these verbs into the present tense by removing the ed ending, e.g. help, ignore, ask etc. Focus on regular verbs at this point.

Simple Past Present/Imperative ignored ignore helped help looked look decided decide

Shared writing: Model writing sentences in the present tense to describe what the boy did to try and help the penguin, e.g. Ask your toy duck, Check in the lost and found office. Extend with, 'If' for Shared writing: Return to modelled sentences from the beginning of yesterday's session and model turning these into a set of instructions. Add adverbs to create cohesion between the sentences (have these adverbs added to grammar splat). Begin with the title How to Help Someone Who is Lost and use bullet-points or numbers to list a set of instructions that the boy in the book could use.

Children to write their own set of instructions for the boy, using the features demonstrated, e.g. title, bullet-points or numbers and imperative (present) tense verbs and adverbs. Use verbs from the grammar splat and ideas from the book, but children can also add their own ideas. This series of lessons could be extended by writing a set of instructions for How to Catch a Star, where the children write a set of instructions for the same boy.

This outcome will work best where non-chronological reports are revision for children, rather than an unfamiliar text type. Read up to "The next morning, he discovered that penguins come from the South Pole". Investigate penguins

Use books, fact files and computer to carry out research.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fwnmjEipYl https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O8gilxaBR2

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_WgbHKtiz

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W5ddwHJq vi8 Re-cap information we collected yesterday about the Penguin.

Shared writing: Model writing a simple introduction for a nonchronological report about Penguins. Suggest using subheadings to section information, e.g. Where they live? What they look like? What they eat? Interesting facts.

Children create a simple nonchronological report about Penguins.

Have information about the penguin to hand and provide children with technical vocabulary word banks.

		most able, e.g. If the police will not help, try			
		asking a teacher. Children to write their		A	
		own sentences for how	1 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		
		to help the penguin, using the verbs from			
		the splat. Teacher to			
		support more able			
		children to use <mark>If t</mark> o			
		begin sentences, <mark>e.g</mark> . If			
		your duck ignore <mark>s y</mark> ou, ask a friend instead.			
	LO: CEW – This week' <mark>s Words</mark>	LO: CEW – Common	LO: CEW – Common	LO: CEW – This week's Words	LO: CEW – Common Exception
	–Spelling Pathwa <mark>ys…</mark>	Exception Words Focus	Exception Words Focus	–Spelling Pa <mark>thw</mark> ays	Words Focus
	cry	Year 1 and 2 Common Exception Words	Year 1 and 2 Common Exception Words	cry	Year 1 and 2 Common Exception Words
Spelling &	fly dry	Ventr1 Ventr2 the thrap and down pail print clother a for even (four haid path has d for an print print has b re find because any hor vater blow, of wheth for a gray more spath	Veer 1 Ver 2 the tray one day put paint claims a be any Boar bail, paint claims da be any powr skil anth people be are find, because any bar water bails, we shall find any more apain.	fly dry	Veer 1 re. Veer 2 to 0 re re. date pild per change of the period of the
Handwriting	try	et w put bed branc pour help bod on path mind set imper nong bod point bland point, sur br or o juli dha bengti pany Ho uwe by hour dhaban gher op pomen wa mi ar wid jut coul Chatman	ef we put kind brank prove high south one puth mind stark brank prove enough equi po puil behad provi, sive #> ore to jiil delta brandji super Mo wern by house deltable other age premits were mig aur word jut and Chatteres	try	(4) we per field bran per for (4) and (4)
Year one and Year Two Words	reply	Li bret del de la de la della ceglada Li bret en artigue de la della ceglada la allera allera esta della della della della della la della della della della della della della della della gana arte della gana any gana arte della gana any gana arte della gana any	k ber davi kat skolik organja kis Sten mot pat orda om tas skon vrij påre ska T bev kon das ukda pa om di gras org påre ser	reply	La herre d'arte las d'article normanités las anteres de las de
Consolidate FS Words	sky July			sky	
Vier 1 and 2 Common Exception Winds	shy			July shy	
	fry			fry	
	sly			sly	
	<u>Jigsaw/ PSHE</u> <u>Unit 1: Y1</u>	<u>REAL P.E</u>	Geography	Science L.O: Name parts of their bodies and	Art
			L.O: How do we make	collect information about their	L.O: To know how to create
	Jigsaw/ PSHE	Personal Skills I enjoy working on simple	decisions?	bodies by observing, measuring and noticing patterns.	different types of lines.
44	<u>Unit 1:</u>	tasks with help.			
Humanities		I can follow instructions and	Activate prior knowledge 5 mins	Before the session: Prepare a reason for needing to measure feet	As a class explore the artist Bridget
		practise safely.	Lesson slides 1–4 and Work	and hand sizes to present to the	Riley.
			booklet page 11	class as a challenge or 'hook'. It	
				may be that the school bursar is	





GEOGRAPHY:



Weather and fieldwork skills

1 3. Rights and Off We Go! Responsibilities Think about everyone's 2 right to learn On And Off You Are Here Lesson 3 your trip. Rights 3 Responsibilities Heads Up Learning Charter I understand the rights rider. and responsibilities for 4 being a member of my Helmets On class I know how to make my class a safe place for everybody to learn 5 **Resources:** Jigsaw Charter, Jigsaw Chime, Jigsaw Jack, soft sponge football (optional), flip chart, Jigsaw Journals, My **Bicycle Bling** Jigsaw Journey,

I trv several times if at first I don't succeed and I ask for help when appropriate

Warm up

Ride around and show all

your amazing bike moves.

Carefully practise getting onto your bikes.

Onto 1 leg and freeze for a photo of everyone before

You're off for another ride and don't forget to beep when you pass another

Whoops! Did you forget to put vour helmets on?

Quick fasten them and check your friend's helmet.

Who's Being Safe?

Now 'beep' when you pass other riders practising safely with their helmets on and their heads up, looking where they're going.

Show pupils the main lesson guestion. Pupils should complete the Quiz independently, but can check back in their Work booklets if they need to. Explain/Explore 10 mins Lesson slide 5 and Work booklet pages 11-12 Discuss pupils' experiences of making decisions and choices they have had to make, e.g. deciding what to wear or what to eat for breakfast. and ask pupils to share what they thought about to help them make their decision. e.g. what the weather was like or what was their favourite cereal. Display Lesson slide 5 and explain that pupils are going to make decisions to plan their ideal bedroom.

Pupils should start working on task 1 in pairs. Allow a maximum of 5 minutes of discussion time.

considering ordering new gloves and hats for Forest School, or a school trip, and doesn't know if people with bigger feet might need larger sized gloves too. Take photographs throughout the activity. Whole Class: Invite the chn to sit down and explain the rules of the Simon Says game. Play with the chn, pointing out body parts such as elbows, knees, toes, ears, eves, nose. Then explain the problem, asking them to talk to each other about the question: *do people with* bigger feet need larger gloves? Encourage all their ideas, saying that grown-up scientists often have times when they discuss lots of things before deciding what to do. Write any additional guestions they may have on cards and display so everyone can see. Say the question again to the class and then say: We are thinking like scientists so we have thought about our question and talked to each other. Now we need to do some predicting. If you 'predict' something, it means you say something that you think will happen. Scientists predict things after they have thought hard and talked to each other about what is likely to happen. So, can you predict what the answer is going to be? Ask the chn to go to one side of the room if they think the answer to the question is going to be 'yes' and to the opposite if they think it will be 'no'. Reassure them

Link: Tate - Who is Bridget • Riley?.

Place all the children's chalk drawings together on the table. edge to edge, to make one big line drawing collage. Then take a photograph of it.

Ask the children to come up with a name for their collective artwork, remembering some of the titles of Bridget Riley's work.

Select some children to choose a square that they like and say why they have chosen it (they should not choose their own square).

The chalk can be sprayed with a fixative solution (aerosol) or ordinary hairspray to prevent the chalk from smudging on the paper. Although for health and safety and allergy reasons, this should be done when the children have left.

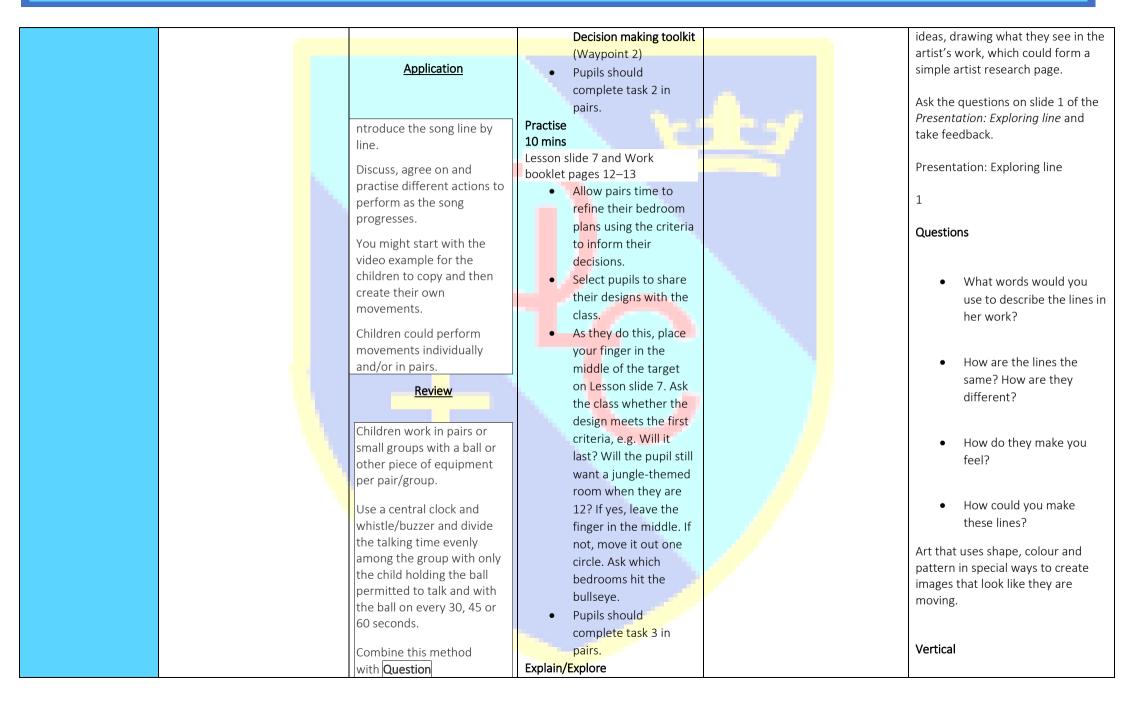
Cross-hatch

Drawing lines crossed over and close together.

Diagonal

A line that is straight and sloping.

Learning/Reflection	Riders who practise safely	Explain/Explore	that it is okay to think for	
	and are following	10 mins	themselves and that they shouldn't	Horizontal
	instructions will get a	Lesson slides 6–7 and Work	follow other people <mark>. As</mark> k chn from	
	coloured decoration for	booklet page 13	each side of the roo <mark>m t</mark> o explain	Flat or level with the ground and
	their bike wheels.	 Explain that there are 	why they have chos <mark>en t</mark> hat side.	not at an angle to it.
		some more design	Split them into pairs. Tell them that	
		rules for their ideal	they are going to help each other	
		bedroom that pupils	measure their hand <mark>s an</mark> d feet. Give	Line
	Skill	need to bear in mind.	them the How to Measure	
		• Display Lesson slide 6	resource. This inclu <mark>des</mark> some tips	A mark on a surface can be
	Yellow Skill	and read the rules	for measuring and a <mark>pla</mark> ce to	different lengths, widths and create
	With fluency and control:	together.	record their measur <mark>em</mark> ents.	shapes.
		 Agree that this sort of 		
	I can side-step in both	• Agree that this solt of information is useful	Ask these children to work in pairs	
	directions.	to know from the start	to measure their hands and feet, in	Optical art
	I can gallop, leading with	of the planning	centimetres, for the more able, or give them unifix cubes and other	Then show the class some further examples of her work:
	either foot.		items from the classroom to	
	I can hop on either foot.	process.	measure with. Remind them that	
	i can nop on either loot.	Ask pupils to choose	they need to place these items	• Link: Google Arts and
	I can skip.	three of the rules as a	carefully along the hand or foot,	Culture - 'Arrest 2', 1965 -
	Gree <mark>n S</mark> kill	cl <mark>ass.</mark>	without leaving gaps. Give them	Bridget Riley.
	With fluency and control:	• Explain that another	plain paper so they can explore	bridget tiley.
		wo <mark>rd fo</mark> r the chosen	how to record their	
	I can combine side-steps	rule <mark>s is 'criteria', and</mark>	measurements. A <mark>sk t</mark> hem to	• Link: Google Arts and
	with 180° front pivots off	they will use these to	photograph thei <mark>r me</mark> asuring too.	Culture - Untilted (Wave) -
	either foot.	make decisions about	Use these, and <mark>the</mark> ir plain paper	Bridget Riley .
		their bedroom.	recording, to <mark>mak</mark> e a display 'Our	
	I can combine side-steps	 Display the target 	Body Patterns'	
	with 180° reverse pivots off	board on Lesson slide		• Link: WikiArt - 'Arrest 1',
	either foot.	7 and add the chosen		1965, by Bridget Riley.
	I can skip with knee and	criteria to the boxes		
	opposite elbow both at 90°	on the left, e.g.		
	angle.	designed to last, not		Ask the children what words come
	I can hopscotch forwards	too expensive, suitable		to mind when looking at her work
	and backwards, hopping on	for the other people		and record their answers on a class
	the same leg (right and left).	who use it.		mind map or whiteboard.
		 The target board is 		Alternatively, the children can use
		also used in the		their sketchbooks to record their



	Carousel where all answer	10 mins		Pointing straight up at a 90 degree
	the same question, or	Explain that pupils are		angle from a horizontal base.
	simply give a topic for	going to use this		angle from a nonzontal base.
	discussion or review.	decision-making		
	As an alternative, the child	process to come up		Wavy
	holding the ball is not	with a plan to help the	and the second sec	
	permitted to speak, with the	school council with a		Curvy in shape.
	rest of the group telling	new project, e.g.		
	them how they thought they	deciding how and		
	got on in the lesson, for			
	example what they did	where to plant a new		
	well/what they could	apple tree; choosing		
	improve.	s <mark>om</mark> e new equipment		
		for the playground;		
		deciding where to put		
		some new bins around		
		the school.		
		Spend some time		
		discussing what the		
		cl <mark>ass</mark> will need to do		
		now and who might be		
		ab <mark>le t</mark> o help and give		
		the <mark>m</mark> advice.		
		Reflect		
		5 mins		
		Lesson slide 8 and Work		
		booklet page 4		
		Pupils should		
		complete their		
		Learning review.		
		If you have time, you		
		could share what the		
		pupils have written.		
LO: To listen carefully to	REAL PE: PERSONAL	PE with Joe	PE With Joe	PE With Joe
instructions using warm up	Lesson 3	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d3LPrhlov-w	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d3LPrhlov-w	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d3LPrhlov-w
activities.		5 Minute Move Kids	5 Minute Move Kids	5 Minute Move Kids
Activity: We're riding on a		Workout 1 The Body	Workout 1 The Body Coach	Workout 1 The Body Coach
bike riding in the rain, up a		Coach TV	TV	TV

Daily PE Activity	hill, on one wheel, really fast song.	Image: The set of the se
Homework:		

Communicating with school

Please direct all queries to the school office email on: office@olc.solihull.sch.uk

