UPPER KEY STAGE HOMEWORK

Maths:

In Year 6, we are working to consolidate our learning in preparation for SATs using the CGP SATs preparation books. Each week we will allocate certain pages for your child to complete that will tie with class work or work previously covered. We will be going through the homework in class which gives us the opportunity to address any misconceptions.

Please complete the following pages this week- Scaling (Pages 44-45)

<u>SPAG:</u> Year 6 only – this will also consist of SATs consolidation with use of the CGP SATs preparation books. Again, work will be relevant to work we are currently doing in class or work we have previously covered. Please complete the following pages this week- Set C: Spelling test and puzzle (Pages 56-58)



SPAG.com will also be used to monitor children's progress towards their SATs. Please complete the online test following this link:

https://spag.com/Public/Home

Task: Pas<mark>siv</mark>e and Active (A)

<u>Maths and SPAG homework will be sent out on a Friday and due in the following Thursday.</u>

Spellings: Weekly spellings are available on this learning plan below. During the week, children will complete activities using these spellings in class.

Reading: We will be iss<mark>uing reading books over the coming weeks based on</mark> our recent reading assessments. In the meantime, the children are welcome to read reading books from the class library. Thank you so much for your support. Please do come and see us if you have questions

> Kind regards, Mr Brennan and Miss Chick

This Weekly Learning Plan shares the learning that will be taking place this week.

| Teachers: | Mr Brenn <mark>an</mark> Miss Chi <mark>ck</mark> | Year: | Year 6 | Date: | | 22.01.2024 |
|-------------|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| | MONDAY | TUESDAY | WEDNESDAY | THURSDAY | Y | FRIDAY |
| FORK | UNIT 5 - BAPTISM | What do some of the promises that are made at Baptism mean? Which is the most important in your opinion? | SAINTS FOCUS | Imagine you had g <mark>one</mark> t Baptism. If you h <mark>ad th</mark> there, how might you ha John? | ney been | GOSPEL VALUE CATHOLIC SOCIAL TEACHING |
| RE | Baptism | Explore the Order of the Sacrament of Baptism. Recall that the Holy Spirit descended upon Jesus at his Baptism. Explain that this is also given to those being Baptised. Focus on the words and actions of this Sacrament and build further on the work of previous years. Explore some of the promises that are made at Baptism. What do they mean? Create a piece of writing where the children identify moments of blessing, prayers, signs and symbols and write about them in-depth. | This week's saints focus brings us to Saint Paul the Apostle. Read through the life of the Saints and pray together: Saint Paul, after you encountered Jesus, you changed your life and became one of the most zealous evangelists in the history of the world. Please pray for me, that I may embrace the same zeal you had and allow Jesus to convert my soul as fully as you allowed Him to convert you. | Find the Gospel refor the Baptism of Is it in more that Gospel? Compare and control different accord different accord children to imagin had gone to Jol Baptism. If they here there how might they viewed John? What you have told neighbours we you got hom How might John habout his special to responsibility Did he fit in witt crowd or was here from them? Think clothes and | of Jesus. In one trast the unts. ne they hn for had they e / have at would the hen he? have felt role and ty? ch the different k of his | <section-header><section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header> |

| | | | Saint Paul, pray for | the things he ate. How do | |
|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| | | | me. Jesus, I trust in | we react when we are in | |
| | | | You. | close contact with people | |
| | | | 104. | who | |
| | | | | are different? | |
| | | | | Write an account of | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | John's arrival at the River | |
| | | | | Jordan from John's point | |
| | | | | of view and | |
| | | | | the reaction o <mark>f th</mark> e people | |
| | | | | at that <mark>tim</mark> e. | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 5 5 2 2 | | | | | |
| 2-198-20-19 | Form expressions | Sustitution (1) | Sustitution (2) | Formulae | Form and solve equations |
| Cran Car | (Pages 41-43) | (Pages 4 <mark>4-4</mark> 6) | (Pages 47-49) | (Pages 50-52) | (Pages 53-55) |
| 000 | | (: \$600 ++ +0) | | | |
| Maths | | | | | |
| Maths | | | | | |
| | LO: To use question tags to | LO: To use the subjunctive | LO: To use 'show not tell' to d | escribe what someone is | LO: I can use relative clauses |
| | show uncertainty. | to give advice. | feeling. | lescribe what someone is | in dialogue. |
| no to any | show uncertainty. | to give duvice. | reeing. | | in dialogue. |
| what I you and | Create a class brainstorm | Children add the suffix -ious | Shared reading: | Children write this segment | Shared reading: |
| · 8/#*#-11 ···· | listing as many contractions | to the following words to | Read chapter 16 from page | of part <u>3</u> from Polly's | Read chapter 19 (page 139) |
| English | as you possibly can. | create adjectives: poison, | 119 – children can start | perspective. Encourage | Why is Polly so |
| | Explain to children that a | infection, caution, malice, | adding notes to their map | children to use 'show not | knowledgeable about |
| | powerful way to show | ambition, vice | for Wind's Edge. Continue | tell' to describe how Kester | plants? What do you think is |
| | uncertainty is to use | Read Part 3, Read to page | reading to page 138. What | is feeling. Go over the | happening to Kester's |
| | question tags. | 118 "I don't look back. I can't | do you think about Polly? | conventions of dialogue. | watch? At the end of the |
| | My father must be able to | help." | How would you describe | How would Kester | chapter, ask children their |
| | help. | Why does the wolf-cub | her? What do you think | communicate his illness? | predictions about the car |
| | Model adding the question | leave The Wild? | happened to her parents? | What dialogue would Polly | pulling up outside? Whose is |
| | tag: | | I'm not Well! | say and what would she be | it? What might happen next? |

| My father must be able to | What happened to his father | What are the range of things | thinking? Ask children to | Read chapter 20 (page 145). |
|--|---|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| help, mustn't he? | and why does he not avenge | Kester will be feeling? How | role play scene again | In this chapter we are |
| Children write a short di <mark>ary</mark> | him? | will he show these? In pairs, | without cards a <mark>nd</mark> do | introduced to one of the |
| entry in the role as Keste <mark>r.</mark> | What do you think is wrong | role play these emotions in | thought tapping <mark>. I</mark> steady | main antagonists – Captain |
| Encourage children to u <mark>se</mark> | with Kester? | preparation for tomorrow. | my rifle and ask the boy | Skuldiss. What is unusual |
| the present perfect tens <mark>e.</mark> | Could he have the "berry- | | assertively, "Why are you | about his crutches? What do |
| Children also use tag | eye"? | | here? Are you a kidnapper?" | you think happened to his |
| questions to show Keste <mark>r's</mark> | What are his symptoms? | | He just looks at <mark>me</mark> whilst | arms? What is unusual about |
| growing uncertainty abo <mark>ut</mark> | Kester is in a world of | | holding his stomach and | the way he speaks? |
| their mission. | confusion and doesn't know | | breathing deepl <mark>y.</mark> | Important that the teacher |
| Read to the cliff hanger <mark>at</mark> | what is wrong with hi <mark>m.</mark> | | As we look ove <mark>r ou</mark> r | or a confident reader model |
| the end of Part 2. | Explain to children th <mark>at w</mark> e | | dialogue, could <mark>we</mark> omit the | reading parts of his |
| | are going to write a m <mark>ed</mark> ical | | 'whilst' conjunc <mark>tio</mark> n? What | dialogue. |
| | letter that will be post <mark>ed o</mark> ut | | affect does this <mark>ha</mark> ve on the | As reading identify the |
| | to all the inhabitants of The | | sentence? Child <mark>ren</mark> | strange words that Captain |
| | Island helping them | | experiment wit <mark>h o</mark> mitting | Skuldiss uses e.g. "wetted", |
| | diagnose themselves. | | the conjunction and using | "childrens", "boy- |
| | The Facto Medical | | present progres <mark>siv</mark> e tense. | childrens", "kiddiewinkies" |
| | Association: Lis <mark>t w</mark> ith | | | etc. How does the author |
| | children the sym <mark>pt</mark> oms of | | | make us feel uneasy |
| | red eye. <mark>We need to writ</mark> e a | | | immediately about this |
| | formal letter in role as the | | | character? He always seems |
| | Facto Medical Association | | | to be over friendly whilst |
| | and we will use <mark>a c</mark> olon to | | | doing something sneaky or |
| | introduce this li <mark>st.</mark> The | | | being slightly aggressive or |
| | <mark>sub</mark> junctive ton <mark>e is</mark> a very | | | threatening. Write on board: |
| | f <mark>orm</mark> al way to g <mark>ive</mark> advice | | | Captain Skuldiss says, "Hello |
| | an <mark>d it c</mark> an be ac <mark>hie</mark> ved in | | | my childrens." Let's add a |
| | man <mark>y ways.</mark> It h <mark>ow</mark> ever | | | relative clause here to add |
| | often h <mark>elps</mark> to give out | | | more information: Captain |
| | sentence stems to support | | | Skuldiss, who taps his crutch |
| | children and <mark>to explain that</mark> | | | loudly on the steps, says, |
| | we are using th <mark>e imperative</mark> | | | "Hello my childrens." This is |
| | form of the verb. The | | | an excellent way to build |
| | subjunctive is often used to | | | characterisation through |
| | emphasise urgency or | | | dialogue. Ask children to |

| | | importance, e.g. If your symptoms include: The Association suggest that you leave straight away. It is essential that one take precaution. The Association recommend that you contact us. Model also taking out the word 'that' to add a heightened sense of urgency. Can children use any of the spelling words from the warm-up in their report? | experiment with the order of the relative clause. Children write their own dialogue. It will be a challenge for children to keep this in present tense as it's written in the book, so perhaps make this optional. Children experiment with omitting the relative pronoun: Captain Skuldiss, tapping his crutch loudly on the steps, says, "Hello my childrens." |
|------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|
| | <u>Year 6 Spelling words for</u> | Dictionary Corner: | Year 6 spelling |
| A Grass 220 Call | this week: | Put the words in context in sentences. | handwriting focus for |
| | currencies | currencies de la curren | this week: |
| | delicacies | delicacies | currencies |
| Spelling & | inconsistencies | inconsist <mark>en</mark> cies prophecies | delicacies |
| Handwriting | prophecies | glacier | inconsistencies |
| 0 | glacier | Science Science | prophecies |
| | Science | ancient | glacier |
| | ancient | conscience | Science |
| | conscience | efficient | ancient |
| | efficient | proficient | conscience |
| | proficient | Sufficient | efficient |
| | Sufficient | caffeine | proficient |
| | caffeine | either | Sufficient |
| | either | neither | caffeine |
| | neither | protein | either |
| | protein | seize | neither |
| | seize | | protein |
| | | | seize |

| | | | | Put 5 of these words into sentences in context and spelled correctly. |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| SCIENCE | Computing | Geography: | FRENCH | <u>PSHE</u> |
| You have been set a circuits challenge by the NSAA to complete but you only have 10 minutes to complete the challenge – in that time you also need to 'repair' the non- working circuits! (Hamilton). Challenge able Yr6 chn to also draw a broken parallel circuit for other Yr6 chn to 'fix'. Explain that the NSAA was impressed by the ideas boards and annotated diagrams, but want to know that the chn really understand the workings of circuits and can represent their design through technical circuit diagrams. Chn will need to ensure that the circuit diagram of their design is accurate so that curators and installers can interpret them when they exhibit the installations. Explain that the NSAA not only wants them to create an accurate diagram of their circuit but also want an | Mars Rover (2)- Lesson 3 LO: To identify and explain the fetch, decode, execute cycle. Recap and recall BINGO! Watch the video: Watch the video: u/learn/video/mars-in-a- minute-how-do-rovers-drive- on-mars Work through the powerpoint: attention grabber. Watch video: https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/ed u/learn/video/mars-in-a- injute-what-happens- when-the-sun-blocks-our- | Geography: Lesson 4: What can we learn from Curitiba? Why was it sustainable to make the centre of the city pedestrian? How are the parks in Curitiba sustainable? How is Curitiba's public transport system sustainable? MUSIC Before the lesson: Watch teacher video – Create your own musical Attention grabber: Explain to the children that the class is going to create a musical called, 'The Journey'. The children will work in groups of six, and each group will create a scene, which should include spoken dialogue, | Before the lesson: Watch teacher video – Where do adjectives go in French? Presentation: Key vocabulary and pronunciation. Play the audio files to hear the words spoken in French and then children repeat the word after the audio. Attention grabber: Display the Presentation: Which adjective is right? Go through slide 2 and introduce the children to the new clothes words. Say or play the audio file and get the children to repeat the word. Main event: Go through slides 3 – 7 and remind the children of the vocabulary and the position of the adjectives. Show slides 8-11 and explain the different grammar rules for adding adjectives in French (rules are explained on Kapow). Using slides 13 -15, read out | Helping to Make a Difference Take a look at the photo cards from last lesson (Jigsaw Portal) as a reminder of the issues people across the world experience. What are some of the charity events you have seen on TV or been a part of that helped raise money for people in need? Think about who you might like to support or to hold an event for. It might be that you want to raise money for a global, national or a more local charity significant to you currently. Your challenge this week is to use the planning template on the Jigsaw Portal to help you plan and design an event or project that can raise money for your chosen charity. This could be: 1) A sponsorship task 2) An event, e.g. a bake sale |
| | JISHIAI | | | |

explanation of how each component works and how resistance plays a key role in the design (Yr6).

The NSAA have therefore asked you to annotate your circuit diagram, explaining how each component works. For example, do you know how a bulb works? Watch this clip to find out https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=-MYB8butQwQ&t=24s

Now it is time to create your circuit diagram (with 'resistance' annotations from Yr6). You also need to explain whether your bulbs, buzzers and motors will be highly powered, or of a more subtle power (for effect), and how this can be interpreted from the diagrams (voltage of batteries and components). Show chn the circuit diagram symbols on whiteboard and challenge them to create a circuit diagram as a 'blue print' for their design. Remind chn to refer back to their success criteria. Get each gp to

Read through PowerPoint on computers.

Group challenge:

Working in groups of three, one pupil will be told the task their group needs to achieve, which they will then need to break down into smaller steps.

Each group's challenge is to draw a house with a red roof and a blue door and then place it on the teacher's desk.

However, only Pupil 1 knows the full task. They can only speak to Pupil 2 in their group, who then relays the message to Pupil 3 to execute the instructions. In terms of the cycle, the children's roles are:

dancing and a song. Give the groups time to discuss initial ideas for the group's scene, making sure the scene will tell a story. Ask the key questions to help pupils with their ideas (on Kapow). Main event: Challenge the groups to create a book musical theatre scene, thinking about what the story behind it will be and how to create the right feeling. Another option is that the groups create a jukebox musical theatre scene, using existing songs (choose from the examples on Kapow). The groups start by deciding who each of the characters are and what happens in their scene (see Kapow for some examples). Check each group's plan at this stage to make sure that they aren't attempting too much (or too little) in their scene. Once the groups have worked out the storyline and the characters, they need to work on the dialogue and lyrics. As soon as the dialogue is written, they must work on choreographing a simple dance routine and practising

the noun, emphasising the article **un**, **une** or **des** and ask the children which is the correct adjective. Click the mouse for the incorrect adjectives to disappear. Then explain to the children that il porte ... and elle porte ... mean he wears... and she wears.... Display slides 16 – 21 and complete the matching phrase exercise as a class. Each slide shows three pictures, only one of which is the correct one to match the sentence.

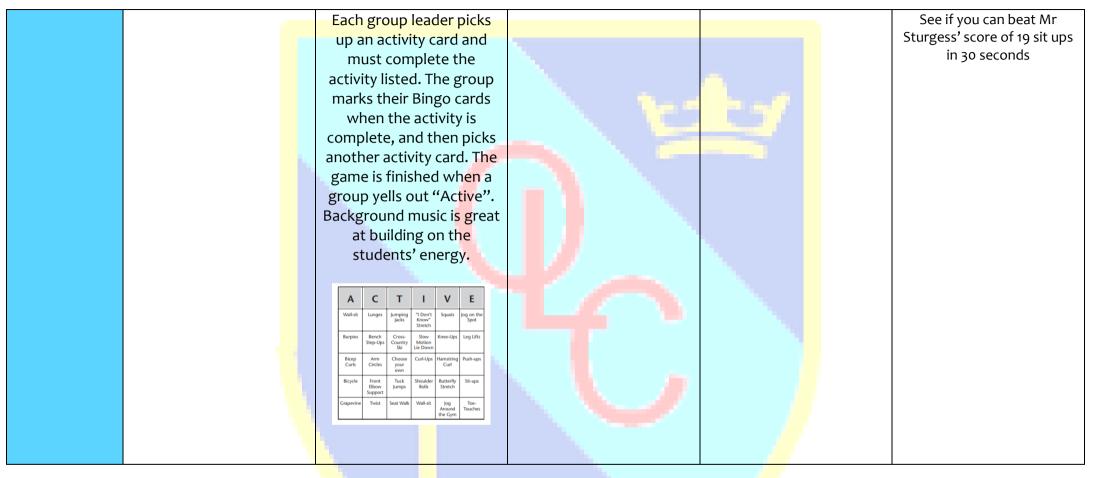
<u>ART</u>

https://www.kapowprimary. com/subjects/artdesign/upper-key-stage-2/year-5/year-5-3d-andsculpture/lesson-3-everydayamazing/

LO: To problem-solve when constructing 3D artworks.

Exploring everyday objects to create an installation, considering how ordinary spaces can be transformed and trying alternative solutions as they construct their artwork.

| | include their summary | Child 1: Fetch | their performance. It is | | |
|------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | explanation of the impa <mark>ct of</mark> | | recommended that some | | |
| | their power levels on t <mark>he</mark> | | performers focus on acting, | | |
| | various components in <mark>the</mark> | Child 2: Decode | some on singing and some | | |
| | circuit. | | on dancing, according to | | |
| | | Child 3: Execute | how confident each | | |
| | | | performer feels. | | |
| | | Remind pupils to only do | perior recipi | | |
| | | exactly what they have been | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | instructed to. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | Computer room not needed | | | |
| | | for session. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | REAL PE: UNIT 3 – | Fitness Focus - | Step Challenge - | https://youtu.be/xRdlVV- | https://youtu.be/7cLHW- |
| 🛸 🎕 | Lesson 3 | Fitness Bingo Here's a | Every week it is | <u>B10w</u> | JrJNg |
| | | Fitness Bingo game. The | important that we are | | |
| ALL BAR | Cognitive | kids really enjoy it and, | gettin <mark>g i</mark> n a whopping | The challenge is to complete | The challenge is to complete |
| | Make Good Decisio <mark>ns</mark> | once you've done the | 10000 steps a day or that | as many press ups as you | as many sit ups as you can in |
| | l can explain what I a <mark>m</mark> | | | can in 30 seconds. | 30 seconds. |
| D aller DC | doing well and I have | initial set-up of creating | we are walking equal to 5 | 2 | |
| Daily PE | begun to identify areas | the Bingo Car <mark>ds,</mark> it's quite | miles each day. | If you have to do them with | You can do them with your |
| Activity | for improvement. | easy and runs <mark>its</mark> elf. Here | | your knees on the floor then | feet underneath something |
| | · · | is a sample Bingo card. | But we do a lot of sitting | you need to half your total | (such as a chair of the sofa) |
| | I can use awareness of | You can create additional | in class which really | score when you send me | or with someone standing |
| | space/others to make | cards by copying, cutting, | doesn't help our daily | your results. | on your feet. |
| | good decisions. | pasting and creating | progress. So your | your results. | on your recu |
| | I can develop methods to | additional activities and | challenge is to get in at | | If you do them without any |
| | outwit opponents | | U | See if you can beat Mr | support (like Mr Sturgess), |
| | | placing them in different | least 4000 steps (2 miles) | Sturgess' score of 30 press | they are much harder and |
| | | squares. Instruction: Kids | at playtime and lunch | ups in 30 seconds. | - |
| | | work in team <mark>s of two</mark> or | time each day to make | | you need to double your |
| | | three. Place individual | sure we're giving | | total score when you send |
| | | activity cards face down | ourselves a good chance | | me your results. |
| | | in the centre of the gym. | to keep fit! | | |
| | | | | | |



| Homework: | | | |
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Communicating with school

Please direct all queries to the school office email on: office@olc.solihull.sch.uk