Message from the teachers:

Dear children,



Welcome to a new school year. This half term we have some fantastic topics for you to engage with. In English, we are starting with our story Journey, and then moving on to The Heart and the Bottle. In RE we are starting our learning this year with Creation & the Story of Abraham to Joseph. In science we are learning all out forces and magnets and in history we are learning all about prehistoric Britain. We also have many other amazing subjects and topics for you to explore!

We hope you enjoy your learning journey this half term and we look forward to all the wonderful achievements you make this half term!

Mr Brennan and Miss Sidwell

This Weekly Learning Plan shares the learning that will be taking place this week.

Teachers: Mr Brennan & Miss Sidwell Year: Year 4 Date: 16.09.24

	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
FROZIN		LO: To understand what being created in the image and likeness of God means.	LO: To understand that we should see diversity as a source of blessing.	LO: To know the first five books of the Old Testament.	
RE	Sunday Gospels to Explore - Sep 15 Mark 8:27-35 The Son of Man is destined to suffer grievously Remind children throughout the week of our Gospel Values and	Identify words that tell us about the creation of human beings. What does "image and likeness" mean? Why do you think God created human beings? What does the creation story tell you about the way God thinks about human beings?	Discuss the idea of God creating an entire human race. Is everybody the same? What differences do people have across the world? Task: Create a mind map to highlight as many differences as possible.	Introduce the term "Pentateuch" as the name given to the first five books of the Bible. Children to find the names of these books in their Bibles – Genesis, Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers and Deuteronomy. The word comes "Pentateuch"	Sing it: Linking Curious and Active to traditiona and contemporary music. Matt Redman - Everything That Has Breath - YouTube

Virtues: Curious and Active. Catholic schools help their pupils grow by leading pupils to be curious about the universe and all human activity, and to take increasing responsibility for their own learning, and by providing opportunities for them to be active in the life of the school, the Church and the wider community.

During the Season of Creation (Sep 1-Oct 4) focus prayer on giving thanks to God the Creator, for all that he given and pray that all those in positions of responsibility will ensure that the produce of the land and sea if shared fairly with all our brothers and

If human beings are created in the image and likeness of God, what effect should that have on the way human beings treat one another? Children to discuss this. God created human beings to be like God - to show the attributes and characteristics of God. Think about ways that we can think and act more like God. Link to our school motto – To Live as Jesus taught us. Highlight the importance of respect, care and consideration for other people and for ourselves. Children to recall stories and events that show people respecting or failing to show respect for other people.

Pray together:
Dear God, You created
each of us in your own
image. You created each
of us in Your image, to be
like You and to have a
special place in the world.

Other people's beliefs even if they are different from our own.



Task: Create an image of a bookcase representing the first 5 books of the Bible. Write the name of each of the first 5 books of the Bible on a strip of paper representing a book spine.

This is the Day - Lyric Video - OneLife Music (youtube.com)

Lara Martin The Voice of Hope Worship Video with Lyrics (youtube.com)

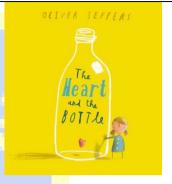
	sisters across the	Because we are like God,			
	world.	we can love and we can			
	World	choose what is right. The			
		way we act and treat			
		others should be like you			
		did, God. Help us to be			
		like you. AMEN			
		inte year inter			
		Task: Using some of their			
		thoughts and reflections			
		from the above			
		questions, write about			
		how we can live in the			
		image of God.			
	LO: 1, 10, 100, 1,000		LO: Normhan line to to opp	LO: Between two	LO: Estimate a number
-02020	more or less	LO: 1,000s, 100s, 10s and 1s	LO: Number line to 10,000	multipl <mark>es</mark>	line to 10,000
53333					
6085	Unit 1: Place value – 4-	Unit 1: Place va <mark>lue</mark> – 4-	Unit 1: Plac <mark>e v</mark> alue – 4-digit numbers	Unit <mark>1: P</mark> lace value – 4-	Unit 1: Place value – 4-
503	digit numbers	digit <mark>number</mark> s	(2)	di <mark>git</mark> numbers (2)	digit numbers (2)
Maths	Textbook Pages 32-35	Textbook Pag <mark>es 3</mark> 6-39	Textb <mark>ook Pages 42</mark> -47	Te <mark>xtb</mark> ook Pages 48-51	Textbook Pages 52-55
			Donding	LO: To ask questions and	LO: To know the
0 to 10 mm	LO: To write an effective narrative.	LO: To write an effective narrative.	Reading	make predictions about a text.	alternative pronunciation for the grapheme 'ear'.
what a you sand	Using the planning you	Tell the children that in their		text.	Bottling it up, vocab Venn
S B III	created yesterday, begin	writing today their characters	Baseline		Show a Venn Diagram
English	modelling the opening	are going to meet other	Daseillie		where one 'set' is for word
	section of the sequel – see	people as part of their	2		spelt 'ear' and the other is
	independent work section	adventure and that they'll be	Accoccmont		for words with the
	for model.	including a section of	Assessment		phoneme /ar/ (as in car).
		dialogue. Remind children of			Show the words car, heard
					bath, fear, earth, learn,

We rode off on our bike, atop the tandem, both of us overjoyed to have found friendship. After a while, as the day's light began to fade with the sunset, we stopped by a stream. The stream looked familiar, yet I couldn't place it. Just then, a green bird swooped down and from its beak dropped a green crayon. Stooping to pick the crayon up, I once again felt that delicious flutter of excitement: if we had each been taken on a journey - I by my red crayon and Ethan with the crayon in purple – then where might the green crayon take us both?

session 5 where they developed dialogue:

As we soared up in into the atmosphere, the skies began to darken and an eerie mist swirled. 'You don't think something dreadful is about to happen, do you?' Ethan Shivered, eyes darting around. But before he could even open his mouth to speak, a commanding voice boomed seemingly from nowhere...

Today, focus on learning on dialogue from session 5, reminding the children about the rules for punctuation and layout of speech.



Talk to the hand:

Children work
collaboratively using the
talk to the hand scaffold
(see resources) to create
questions about the scene.
They should try to use each
of the question words.

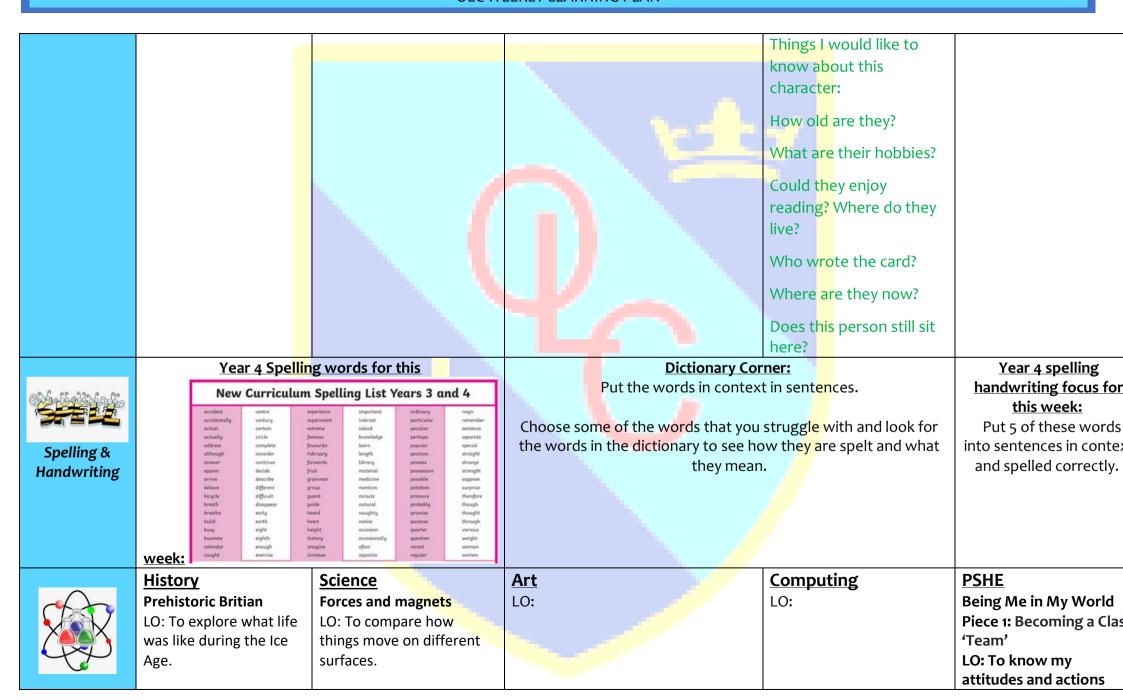
Encourage oral rehearsal of each question sentence before writing. Allow them to investigate it, e.g. picking up props etc. Children to write questions on sticky notes and add them to a collection on sugar paper.

Shared writing:

search, rehearse, star, hear year, bear. Model adding a word to the left and right hand sets. Ask children what would happen to a word that existed in both sets?



Children to work in mixed ability pairs to sort words into the respective sets. Pose the following questions: How many different pronunciations at there of the 'ear' graphemed How many different spellings of the ar phonemed are there? Can you think of any other words that would exist in the crossover set?



Wider Curriculum

Subject knowledge

There have been at least five documented major ice ages since the Earth was formed. The most recent occurred between 2.6 million years ago and 11,700 years ago. During this time, the continents settled into roughly their current positions and Homo sapiens evolved. By the end of the Ice Age, Homo sapiens existed across the planet. Many plants and animals that lived during this period are now extinct. Reasons for their extinction could include changes in climate, food scarcity, hunting by humans, competition with other species, increased predators and/or loss of habitat. Many animals that we are familiar with today also lived at this time,

including apes, cattle,

Working Scientifically

- Set up simple practical enquiries and comparative and fair tests.
- 2. Make systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, take accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment.

Resources:

- A printout of the letter to class from Ms
 Pullman
- Investigation and plenary PowerPoints
- Task sheets
- Selection of toy vehicles
- A short plank of wood for each group of 3-4 children
- A selection of different surfaces

Vocabulary:

make a difference to the class team.

Play Meet and Greet Bingo.

Share these 'calm' pictures with the childre and read the Calm Me script.

Share a variety of image and discuss what it means to be included are excluded.

Complete activity choosing 9 words to describe teamwork and how it feels to be part of a team. Use a diamond nine ranking system to show what is most/least important. 1 = most important. 2/3 = next important, and so on.

Share ideas.

MFL

Music

cats and dogs. Birds also flourished. Vegetation, however, was sparse.

Key questions

- 1. Which animals lived during the Ice Age?
- 2. Which of these species have become extinct?
- 3. How did early humans make use of woolly mammoths?

Lesson

Spark (5 mins)

Lesson slides 1–4 and Work booklet pages 2–3 Show pupils the Knowledge organiser and the Key questions. Ask pupils to look at the timeline and discuss with a partner how long ago the Stone Age was.

Explain/Explore (15 mins)

Lesson slide 5 and Work booklet page 4 Read 'A frozen planet' and 'Animals of the Ice Age' together. The texts Force, push, pull, prediction, fair test, investigate, measure, friction

Lesson

Intro:

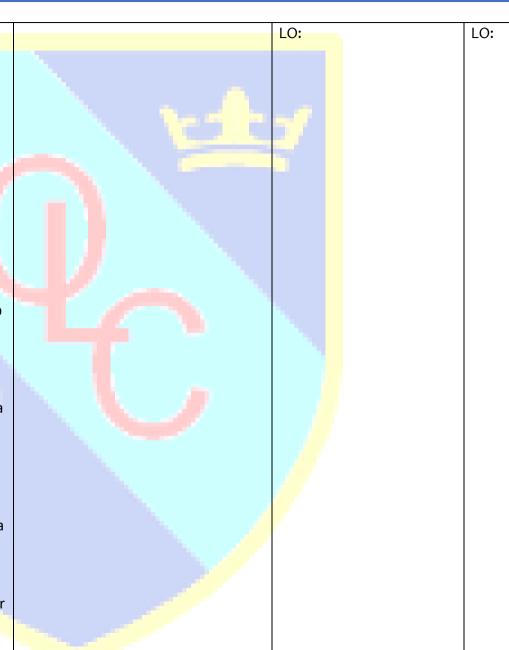
Show the investigation
PowerPoint. You agree to
help Ms Pullman from P &
L Toys. She asks you to
compare the way vehicles
move on different
surfaces. Allocate groups
of 3-4 children (year group
and ability appropriate).

Activity:

P&L need help with a racing car game. Test out a toy vehicle on different surfaces to see which racing track (slope) gives the longest run. Record measurements in a table. Can the children discover a pattern in their results?

Plenary:

Invite groups to share their results. Which surfaces allowed vehicles to travel the longest distances?



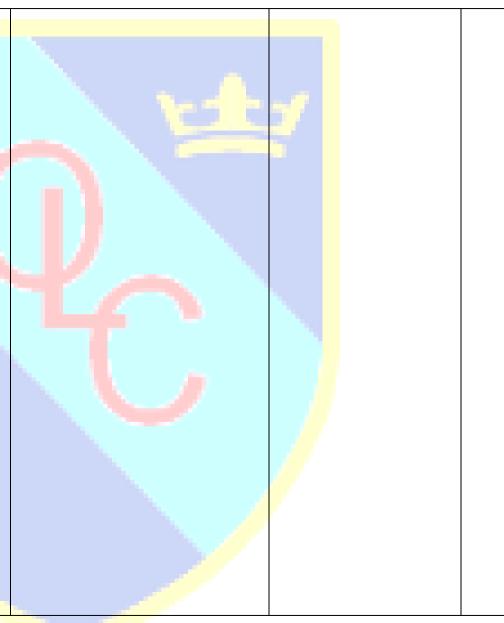
in the Work booklet can be read in a variety of ways: aloud to the class, in a round-robin format, or by selecting individual pupils.

Note that ice affected the way humans and animals behaved. Pupils complete question 1 independently. Note that many factors likely worked in combination, for example changing habitats, lack of food, increase in hunting and/or predators, etc.

Explain/Explore (15 mins)

Lesson slide 6 and Work booklet page 5 Read 'Woolly mammoths' and 'Hunting mammoths' together. Draw attention to

human behaviours that made hunting large animals possible. Why might this be? What did these surfaces have in common? They were smooth. Which surfaces slowed or even stopped vehicles? Why was that? Yes, they were bumpy or rough. Were predictions correct? We have made an important discovery. Let's find out a bit more about it. Show the Plenary PowerPoint. Praise the children for their outstanding scientific research.



Pupils complete question 2 independently. Hold a short class debate to discuss pupils' answers to question 2.

Targeted activity (10 mins)

Lesson slide 7 and Work

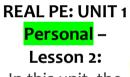
booklet page 6
Look together at the pictures of Ice Age animals.
Pupils complete question 3 in pairs.
You may like to discuss with pupils how each animal appears to be adapted to the cold conditions.

Reflect (5 mins)

Lesson slide 8 and Work booklet page 3
Pupils should complete their Learning review.
Encourage them to write the things they think are important to know about the Ice Age and share some of these ideas.

Extend and stretch

Watch and discuss
'What is an Ice Age?'
(02:08) by Red Orbit
(available on YouTube);
ask pupils to sketch an
Ice Age landscape,
including animals; ask
pupils to decide in small
groups whether
scientists should breed
new woolly mammoths
if they could.



Daily PE Activity In this unit, the children will develop and apply their footwork and one leg balance through focused skill development sessions, healthy competition, cooperative games and group Personal Best challenges.

Fitness Focus - COPS AND ROBBERS

The aim of the game is for the robbers to collect all of the money and for the cops to prevent them. Robbers start in the safe zone and cops start in the bank. Cops are not allowed in the safe zone. When robbers enter the bank they are only allowed to take 1 piece of money (bean bags) at a time. Their aim is to return it to the safe zone and put it in the money sack/box. If a robber gets tagged they must go to jail and drop any money they are carrying. Cops can guard money and the jail. To get freed another robber must safely get to the jail without getting tagged and can free

Fitness Focus - STRATEGICKI

Team 1 have to try and get to team 2's Safe Zone without getting caught. Team 2 have to try and get to team 1's Safe Zone without getting caught. If a player gets caught/tagged in the other teams zone, they have to sit down where they were tagged.

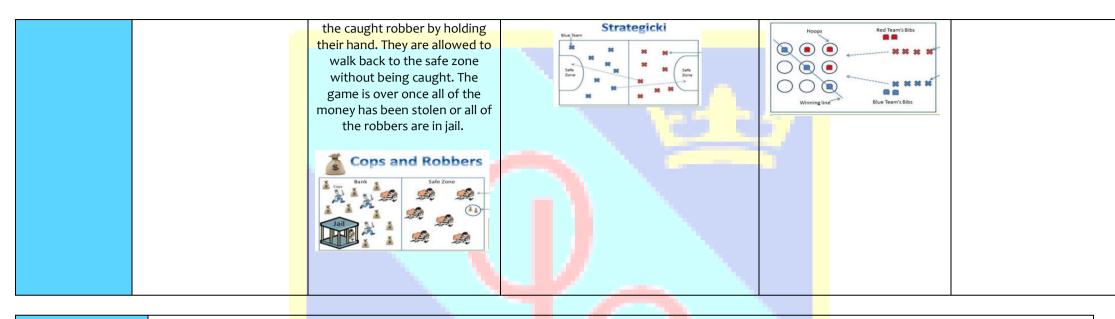
To get freed, a team player must run to them and touch their hand and walk them back to their team's zone. When walking back, they cannot get tagged. Students who have made it to the opposing team's free zone are allowed to leave if they want to free caught players. The team with all (or the highest number) of players in the other team's end zone at the end wins.

Fitness Focus – TIK TAC

Each team has to try and create a line of 3 bibs in the tic-tac-toe square (Diagonally, horizontally or vertically.) One student at a time must run with the bib/pinnie and place it in a hoop. Once they have done this they must return to their line and give the next person a high five. The next person in the line goes until a team has a straight line of 3. If the hoops are filled but neither team has won, players may continue to swap positions of their bib/pinnie. If no team wins, the game is reset.

JUST DANCE – WAKA WAKA

https://
www.youtube
.com/watch?v
=gVfgTw W JY



Homework:

Communicating with school

Please direct all queries to the school office email on: office@olc.solihull.sch.uk