

This Weekly Learning Plan shares the learning that will be taking place this week.

Teachers: Miss Hanr Miss Chie	Year:	Year 5	Date:	9.10.2023
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	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
	Month of the Rosary	<b>LO:</b> To create a travel brochure on Catholic pilgrimage.	Saint Focus	LO: To explore Jesus' miracles and how it would have felt to experience one.	Rosary Activity
R	To begin our week in celebration of Mary. We will join as a class for a short worship of the Rosary: praying to Mary for a good week and to help us live as Jesus taught us.	<ul> <li>Today, many people of faith seek healing from sickness. Some people never experience this healing. Does God no longer hear prayers and heal people?</li> <li>Revise with the children the importance of praying for people who are sick.</li> <li>Introduce the children to the word "pilgrimage". Find definitions for it from the dictionary.</li> <li>Identify different places of pilgrimage where Christians gather to pray and sometimes seek God's healing.</li> <li>Use maps to locate these different places (e.g. Lourdes, Walsingham, Knock, etc.)</li> <li>Research the story of some of these places and find reasons why they are important places for Catholics to visit.</li> <li>Are pilgrimages just for sick people?</li> <li>How can they help the rest of us?</li> </ul>	https://mycatholic.life/sai nts/saints-of-the-liturgical- year/october-11st-john- xxiii-pope This week's saints focus brings us to the life and work of Pope Saint John XXiii. Read through the life of Saint John and pray together: Saint John XXIII, you were raised in humble conditions, formed well in the faith, responded to God's grace, and were used in powerful ways that have had a profound effect upon the Church and world. Please pray for me, that I will always remain faithful to God's will so that He can use me in the particular ways He chooses. Saint John XXIII, pray for me. Jesus, I trust in You.	<ul> <li>Use a variety of dictionaries to explore definitions of a miracle.</li> <li>Word-process these definitions to add to a class display.</li> <li>Using Bible references, the children are to find different Miracle stories including the Cure of the Demoniac, the Healing of the Woman with a Haemorrhage, the Healing of the Man Born Blind, the Calming of the Storm and the Feeding of the Storm and the Feeding of the Five Thousand.</li> <li>Organise the information found in chart form under various headings (e.g. Where? Who? The Problem? Resolution)</li> <li>Focus the children's attention on the words and the actions of Jesus. Can they identify any similarities?</li> <li>Why was Jesus able to do these things?</li> <li>Do you think that the Miracles helped people to understand who Jesus was?</li> </ul>	Because it is the Holy Month of the Rosary, to end our week, we will celebrate the week with decade of the Rosary.

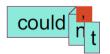
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		• Create a travel brochure on a		<ul> <li>Identify the difference</li> </ul>	
		pilgrimage to the Vatican. Use		between a healing miracle and a	
		the PowerPoint on the site to		nature m <mark>irac</mark> le.	
		help you with your information		• Ask the children to think about	
		and pictures.			
				the things onlookers might have	
				said about Jesus after the	
				miracles took place.	
				Were people only cured or	
				helped in some way? How do	
				you think thei <mark>r liv</mark> es were	
				changed by wha <mark>t Je</mark> sus did for	
				them?	
				them.	
				<ul> <li>Brainstorm lots of ideas and</li> </ul>	
				create a mi <mark>nd-</mark> map.	
				<ul> <li>Write an account of one of</li> </ul>	
				these miracles as one of the	
				people who was <mark>the</mark> re. Set the	
				scene, identify th <mark>e pr</mark> oblems, the	
				actions of Jesus a <mark>nd</mark> the change	
				it brought to p <mark>eo</mark> ple's lives.	
5 5 2 2					
2-99-20-49	Add whole numbers with	Subtract whole numbers	Subtract whole numbers	Round to check answers	Inverse operations
60200	more than 4 digits (2)	with more than 4 digits (1)	with more than 4 digits	Page 70-72	(addition and subtraction)
503	Page 61-63		(2)		
		Page 64-66	Page 67-69		Page 73-75
Maths					
	LO: To create informal	LO: To make inferences based	l on images from the text.	LO: To write a diary entry in	LO: To explore and analyse
1 × × × ×	questions using question			role.	a character through
5 10 10 10 - 29 minu	tags.				description.
what = you sand	Show children a heart-	Read from the beginning of th	e book up to the end of the	Display a picture of the fire	Read p121- 127.
	shaped key. Ask them to	first sentence on p46. Display	the saying, 'a picture tells a	which killed Hugo's father.	

## English

create some statements about where it might come from or what it could do, e.g.: It might open a chest that contains secrets. It could be a key to a treasure box. It may let us find out a secret. Children to identify the modal within their sentence and create a negative contraction by adding the contracted form of not, e.g. couldn't, wouldn't, mightn't etc, on a luggage tag. Model placing the comma.



Children to create their own statements using a range of modals and adding a question tag.



Hugo Cabret's Invention Distinguish between apostrophe for possession and apostrophe for omission. story of a thousand words' What does this mean? Discuss how complex ideas can be conveyed by a single image. Model 'thinking aloud' making inferences based on the image. Refer to the illustrator's use of lighting, spacing and shot type (long, medium and close-up) and what this tells us about the character. e.g. The boy stands out: he is not wearing a hat like everyone else. The lightening and space around him show that he is moving in the opposite direction.



Read 'A Brief Introduction' (from book) and stop at 'On screen, the sun will soon rise, and you will find yourself zooming toward a train station in the middle of the city...' Children to continue the narrative using the inferences based on the images up to p46 to guide their story. e.g. There you will spot a boy, lost, amongst a large crowd. His name is name is Hugo and he is the protagonist of our story. There are many ways to structure this. Each partner/table could be given a different image(s) to base a small section of the narrative on. This could then be 'jigsawed' together creating a class narrative.

#### Lesson 3- Narration and big read lesson.

Show children the 'opening scene' of drawings from the book as a slideshow.

https://www.theinventionofhugocabret.com/slideshow.ht

What does it remind them of? Explain how in 1931, films were in black and white and did not have sound. Play again, this time children using their narrative as a voice over to accompany/narrate the film. Read to p121 by the next lesson. What emotive language does this image evoke? e.g. disbelief, hopelessness, despair, grief. Simultaneous Round Table Each pupil is given a piece of paper. They simultaneously write their response to the image. The paper is then passed one person clockwise round the table. Each pup<mark>il m</mark>ust develop their peer's response ensuring not to repeat any vocabulary but build upon by providing alternative vocabulary/synonyms. This then repeats and consequently creates an emotive word bank.



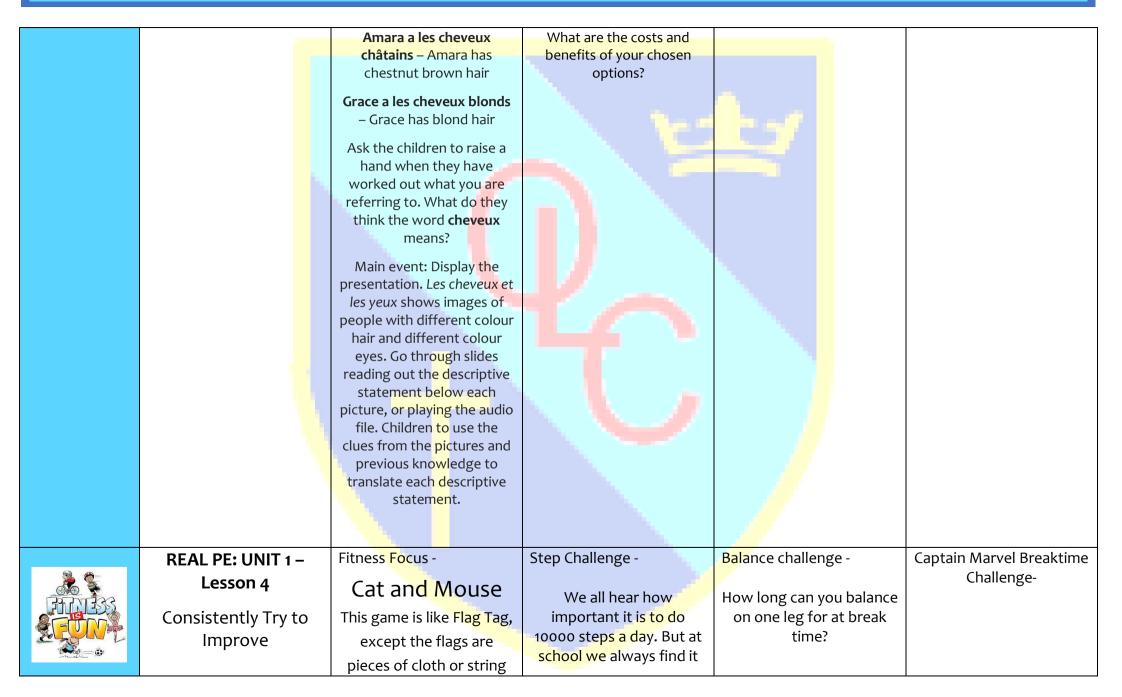
Shared Writing: Teacher to model writing a diary entry in role as Hugo in response to his father's death. Highlight the use of emotive language, repetition and adverbs of possibility this shows Hugo's state of mind is troubled

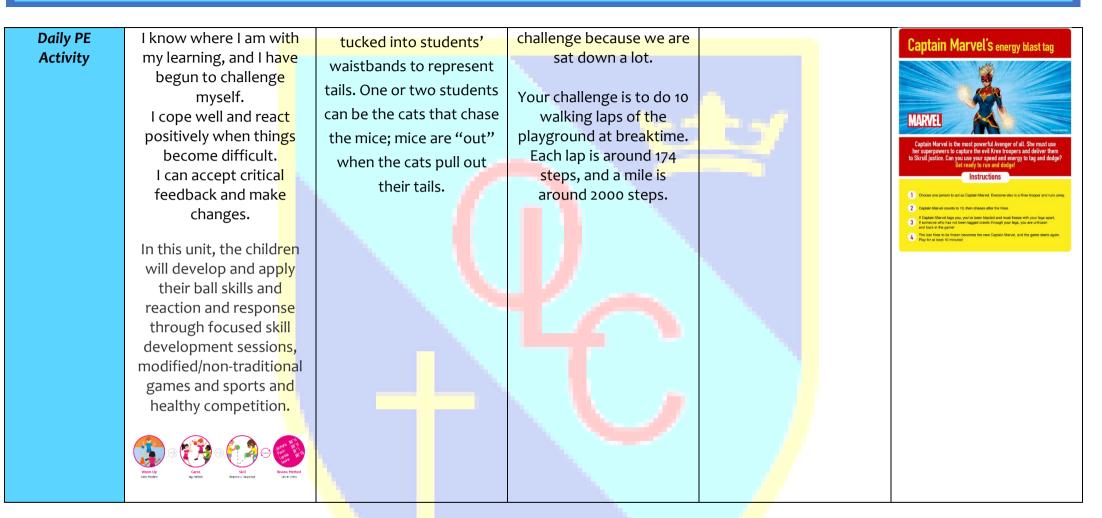
Children to visualise and draw what Uncle Claude might look like by retrieving information from the text e.g. tiny steel spectacles, blood shot eyes. Allow for inferences e.g. unkept clothes, unshaven face. Remind children that in session 2, we looked at how different camera shots allowed us to find out more about Hugo. We are going to use the same technique to analyse Uncle Claude's character.

Camera Shots: Long shot: shows the whole length of body from feet to top of head. Shows character in relation to background. Medium shot: shows body from waist upwards. Used for facial expressions and hand gestures. Close up: focuses on a character's face and zooms in on specific features. Description: detail Model using the vocabulary generated to create a description: detail sentence. Uncle Claude looked as though he had not slept for days: his eyes were bloodshot and vacant. Uncle

				and unclear. Children write their own version. Dear diary, He's gone - gone forever. Dead. Perished in a fire and it's all my fault. I feel so alone and helpless. A feeling of guilt has consumed me like the fire took my father. If I hadn't found the automaton, If I hadn't asked him to fix it, then maybe he'd still be alive. Surely this a nightmare that I am about to wake up from.	Claude was clearly intoxicated: his speech was slurred, and he could not walk in a straight line. Model correct use of colon to separate the 2 independent clauses.
Spelling & Handwriting	Year 5 Spelling words for this week: Should've, could've, would've, must've, might've, mustn't, won't, mightn't, you're (your), shan't it's (its).	<b>REVIEW LESSON:</b> Play with a partner to match the contractions to their full forms	Dictionary Corner: Write the words in context in full sentences	MASTERY LESSON: Write a sentence, rhyme or motto to help you to remember them.	Year 5 spelling handwriting focus for this week: Should've, could've, would've, must've, might've, mustn't, won't, mightn't, you're (your), shan't it's (its).
Wider Curriculum	SCIENCE Ask chn if they can explain why salty water conducts electricity – it contains electrically charged ions that help conduct the electricity. Read the letter from Topps Toys and ask chn to explain what they	ART Lesson 4: A vision of the future Thinking about what the future might look like; planning futuristic artworks and printing a	Geography: Lesson 5: What next for Dharavi? Plans for redeveloping or renovating Dharavi have been in progress for over 16 years, with the government in recent years putting the	<b>Computing:</b> Session 4: In this session, pupils work to fix bugs in their programs and improve their games. This session also gives children the chance to catch up on the previous lesson.	<u>PSHE</u> <u>Our Learning Charter</u> Group work can be difficult even for adults, especially when there are time limits to get things done and if there are too many ideas to choose from. Sometimes there is

think they need to do to be	background using	redevelopment out to	Music	more than one person in a
able to respond to To <mark>pps</mark>	collagraph plates made in	tender.	Play like an Egyptian	group who want their
Toys (investigate elect <mark>rica</mark> l	the previous lesson.		Warm-up your <mark>vo</mark> ices using	ideas to be chosen and
conductivity). Ask ch <mark>n if</mark>	·	In a recent project,	the Activity: Egyptian vocal	this can cause conflict.
'thermal conductivity' i <mark>s this</mark>	Lesson 4: A vision of the future -	developers had to provide	warm-ups. Display the	Do you have any ideas to
the same as electric <mark>al</mark>	Kapow Primary	free accommodation, in new	Presentation: Egyptian	problem-solve these
conductivity? Also exp <mark>lain</mark>	French	tower blocks in Dharavi, to	instrumental calls track. Play	issues:
that health and safety is	Simple descriptions in	anyone who could prove	the audio file <mark>: E</mark> gyptian	Too many ideas
paramount when it comes	French	that they had been a	instrumental c <mark>alls</mark> track on	Conflicts
' to toys as well as	Before the lesson: Watch	resident of Dharavi since	slide 2. The ch <mark>ild</mark> ren copy	Activity: decide on 6
practicality. Is thin, fragile	teacher video – Simple	2 <mark>000</mark> . Because the tower	back in the gap <mark>s, u</mark> sing their	'rules' that would be
glass a safe option, and	descriptions in French.	blocks could provide	voices. Sing th <mark>e s</mark> ong, 'Gift	
would salt water be	descriptions in French.	h <mark>ous</mark> ing for many families on a small plot of land, this	of the Nile', w <mark>ith</mark> half the	helpful for working in
practical?	Presentation: Key	would free up space in the	class singing t <mark>he</mark> top part,	groups. Write the rules as
practical.	vocabulary and	rest of Dharavi for	and half the lower part.	a list that can be
Remind chn that they n <mark>ee</mark> d	pronunciation. Play the	redevelopment.		displayed in the
an enquiry question an <mark>d a</mark>	audio files to hear the words	redevelopment.		classroom. Reflect on
plan for their investiga <mark>tion.</mark>	spoken in French and then	However, slum residents		why these rules are more
Get chn to set up a <mark>n</mark>	children repe <mark>at t</mark> he word	have resisted the plans.		likely to be followed
electrical circuit for tes <mark>tin</mark> g	after the audio.	Many have not been in		compared to rules that
out their materials fo <mark>r</mark>	Attention grabber: Display	residence since 2000, the		are given with no
electrical conductivity. Ask	the presentation: What am I	tower blocks have no		consultation/discussion.
chn to suggest a way to	talking about? Slide 2 shows	workshop spaces, and there		
measure 'good' vs 'poor'	four images of children with	is a concern that Dharavi's		
conductors. Chn to record	different coloured hair –	vibrant street life and		
their findings in the table	either chestnut brown or	community would be badly		
and then write a conclusion	blonde. Describe the	impacted.		
to present this information	children in order by saying			
effectively and to help make recommendations.	(in French only):	Which challenges in Dharavi		
recommendations.	Henri a l <mark>es cheveux châtains</mark>	will you focus on?		
	– Henri has chestnut brown			
	hair	Which options for improving		
	Zach a les cheveux blonds –	Dharavi will you focus on?		
	Zach has blond hair			





Homework:

MATHS - Place value (Week 2) pages 7-9

**Communicating with school** 

Please direct all queries to the school office email on: office@olc.solihull.sch.uk